

DONNELL ELECTED ON THE FACE OF UNOFFICIAL COUNT

McDaniel Refuses to Concede Defeat for Governorship and Declines to Say Whether He Intends to File a Contest.

LITTLE CHANGE MADE BY ABSENTEE VOTES

With Official Canvass Still Incomplete, Republican Has Lead of 3459—Totals Are 910,112 to 906,653.

By CURTIS A. BETTS
Progress of the official count of ballots in the election Tuesday, not yet completed, and the official count of absentee ballots in 104 of the 114 counties and the City of St. Louis show that on the unofficial count in 45 counties and St. Louis and the official count in 69 counties, Forrest C. Donnell, Republican, was elected Governor over Lawrence McDaniel.

McDaniel, however, refused to concede that he had been defeated, an indication that he was considering contesting Donnell's election. He refused to say whether he would file a contest, saying that he had no statement to make at this time.

On the basis of the partly official and partly unofficial tabulation and a count of a major part of the absentee vote, the totals for the two candidates this morning gave Donnell 910,112 and McDaniel 906,653, a lead for Donnell of 3459.

There is no possibility that the absentee vote still to be counted could materially change the result as all of the counties yet to report are small with the exception of Buchanan, including St. Joseph. The only possibility that McDaniel would be shown the winner on the completion of the official tabulation is that a major error has been made in the tabulation of the unofficial count.

A recheck today of the unofficial newspaper tabulation of the vote in St. Louis reduced McDaniel's St. Louis total one vote, from 215,137 to 215,136. Donnell's total was increased 49, from 184,669 to 184,718. It amounted to a net gain of 50 votes for Donnell.

Any hope of McDaniel that the absentee vote would change the indicated result vanished when the ballots in St. Louis, St. Louis County and Jackson County (Kansas City) were counted. In St. Louis, where he had hoped for a material advantage, the Donnell vote by absentee ballot was higher than that of McDaniel, Donnell getting 229 to 208 for McDaniel. St. Louis County gave Donnell an absentee ballot lead on about the same basis as the unofficial count of the registration.

Continued on Page 5, Column 4.

RAIN FOR TONIGHT AND TOMORROW; COLDER MONDAY

THE TEMPERATURES.
1 a. m. 43°
2 a. m. 43°
3 a. m. 43°
4 a. m. 43°
5 a. m. 43°
6 a. m. 43°
7 a. m. 43°
8 a. m. 43°
9 a. m. 43°
10 a. m. 43°
11 a. m. 43°
12 m. 43°
1 p. m. 43°
2 p. m. 43°
3 p. m. 43°
4 p. m. 43°
5 p. m. 43°
6 p. m. 43°
7 p. m. 43°
8 p. m. 43°
9 p. m. 43°
10 p. m. 43°
11 p. m. 43°
Midnight 43°
Normal maximum this date, 56°; normal minimum, 40°.
Yesterday's high, 57° (3:50 p. m.); low, 38° (6:30 a. m.).
Weather in other cities—Page 6A.

Official forecast for St. Louis and vicinity: Cloudy, occasional light rain tonight and tomorrow; little change in temperature; Monday cloudy and considerably colder. Missouri: Intermittent light rain tonight, and in east and south portions tomorrow; warmer in extreme southeast portion tonight; slightly cooler in northwest portion tomorrow. Illinois: Cloudy, occasional light rain tonight and tomorrow; warmer in south and east portions tonight; colder in northwest and extreme north portions tomorrow; Monday cloudy and considerably colder. Sunset 4:51, sunrise (tomorrow) 6:39.
Stage of the Mississippi at St. Louis, —2.1 feet, no change; the Missouri at St. Charles, 8.5 feet, no change.
(All weather data, including forecast and temperatures, except temperatures after 12 noon, supplied by U. S. Weather Bureau.)

Finally Ousted



W. W. GRAVES



SHERIFF JAMES L. WILLIAMS

DE GAULLE FORCE INVADES FRENCH AFRICAN COLONY

Vichy Reports Fighting Is Going On in Gabon—Landing Aided by Light British Ships.

VICHY, France, Nov. 9 (AP).—The French Government admitted today that troops of Gen. Charles de Gaulle, leader of "free" France, had made a landing near Libreville in Gabon, French Equatorial Africa, and that heavy fighting is now going on.

The landing was aided by light British ships, which for several days have been cruising along the Gabon coast.

Libreville previously was bombed by British planes.

Communications of French territory south of the Equator with the outside world have been cut off, officials said.

They said the operations were less important than those against Dakar, in French West Africa, where heavy units of the British fleet were declared by the French to have been engaged several weeks ago.

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OUSTER OF GRAVES AND SHERIFF MADE FINAL BY COURT

Missouri Supreme Tribunal Denies Rehearing of Charges Against Jackson County Officials.

COL. F. E. WHITTEN INTERIM PROSECUTOR

Anti-Pendegast Democrat to Serve Till Elected Successor Takes Office on Jan. 1.

By the Jefferson City Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.
JEFFERSON CITY, Nov. 9. —Ouster of Prosecuting Attorney Waller W. Graves and Sheriff James L. Williams of Jackson County, for neglect of official duties, was ordered today by the Missouri Supreme Court en banc, when it denied motions for rehearing filed by the two officials.

Within two hours after the final ruling, Gov. Lloyd C. Stark announced the appointment of Col. F. E. Whitten, Kansas City attorney, to serve for the rest of Graves' term, ending Dec. 31.

Whitten, a Democrat, has been an active anti-Pendegast leader in Kansas City and was a candidate for Mayor of Kansas City in 1938.

Stark, in announcing the appointment, said Whitten's "courageous stand against the forces of political corruption was an important factor in developing public sentiment against continued abuses by the Pendegast machine."

Whitten, a World War veteran, is a Colonel in the Army Reserve Corps.

Michael V. O'Hern, Democrat, First Assistant Prosecuting Attorney under Graves, was elected last Tuesday to succeed Graves for a two-year term, beginning Jan. 1.

Graves was not a candidate for reelection.

The Jackson County Court will appoint a successor to Williams as Sheriff, whose term also expires Dec. 31.

Today's ruling in effect reaffirms the court's decision last Sept. 3, sustaining charges of neglect of duty and ordering removal of Graves and Williams from office. Graves was fined \$1000 and assessed costs of \$5000. Williams was fined \$1 and costs of about \$4000.

The court's ruling in effect has stayed the operation of the court's decision, which directed the ouster to be effective as of May 10, 1939. That was the date Attorney-General Roy McKittick, after a crime investigation in Kansas City ordered by Gov. Stark, filed the ouster suits against Graves and Williams in the Supreme Court.

No Further Recourse in State.

The latest ruling apparently closed the door on any further move by the two officials in the State courts, toward blocking the removal. Whether they would seek a review in the United States Supreme Court is not indicated.

The ouster order was effective at once, with the entry of the court's order. The court wrote no opinion in rejecting the motions for rehearing.

Graves, who was serving his third term as prosecutor, was a benchman of "Boss" T. J. Pendegast of Kansas City, and Williams was affiliated with the Shannon faction of the Pendegast Democratic organization.

The Supreme Court, in the September ruling, sustained charges that Graves had failed to enforce laws against gambling, prostitution and liquor violations, and that he did not press the prosecution of criminal cases where there was evidence to warrant prosecution. The court found Williams had failed to suppress similar law violations in Kansas City.

TREND OF TODAY'S MARKETS
Stocks strong; metals lead fast rally. Bonds steady. Foreign exchange narrow. Cotton firm. Wheat higher. Corn mixed.

Stand Collapse Soon After Start of Texas Aggie-S. M. U. Contest at Dallas.

DALLAS, Tex., Nov. 9 (AP).—A temporary bleacher, jammed with hundreds of persons watching the Texas Aggie-Southern Methodist football game, collapsed today shortly after the game started.

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George Bernard Shaw Would Like To See Nazis Bomb Some M. P.'s

LONDON, Nov. 9 (AP).—George Bernard Shaw joined the "bomb Rome" chorus today.

CHURCHILL SAYS U. S. HELP MEANS BRITISH VICTORY

'We Shall Now Receive American Munitions, Products for Successful Resistance,' He Asserts.

CALLS ROOSEVELT'S ELECTION CHEERING

He Praises Willkie for Pledge of Aid—Maintenance of Sea Power Absolute Necessity.

LONDON, Nov. 9 (AP).—Prime Minister Churchill today described the re-election of President Roosevelt as "a message from across the ocean of great encouragement and good cheer."

Speaking at a London luncheon, Churchill said, "We offer our heartfelt congratulations to President Roosevelt, who has received an unprecedented mark of American confidence in being chosen for the third time to lead his mighty people forward."

"We shall now receive the support of the products of the gigantic munitions production and the matchless workshops, furnaces and foundries of the American Union," he asserted.

"Our successful resistance and final victory have been proclaimed by all parties in America. But no one here has been left in any doubt that beyond this strong material help and foundation of common interest there flows a tide of comprehension, sentiment and fierce passionate sympathy for our cause."

Reference to Willkie.

Churchill referred to the campaign of Wendell L. Willkie, Republican candidate, in these words: "We are deeply touched by the words of kindness and good will and promises of aid which were uttered by Mr. Willkie on behalf of the Republican party which he championed."

"We are straining every nerve to accelerate our production and I do not doubt that we shall succeed," Churchill said.

"The enemy is doing his utmost to cut us off from the vital supplies overseas. Therefore the maintenance of our seapower is an absolute necessity to our victory."

"There is one small heroic country today to whom our thoughts go out in sympathy and admiration—Greece. To the valiant Greek people we send from the heart of London our promise to them that we will do our best to aid them in their struggle."

"Long Road to Tread."

"We will never cease to strike at the aggressor in ever increasing strength from this time forth. . . . It is now nine months since the King and Parliament confided to me and my colleagues the grave and heavy tasks to which we have devoted ourselves."

"It is lucky we did not make any extravagant or optimistic promises. Because a succession of melancholy disasters and terrible assaults and perils have befallen us. . . ."

"Between survival and victory there is a long road to tread. In spite of all the blows we have endured we have not abandoned one jot of any of our obligations and undertakings towards the captive or enslaved countries of Europe. . . ."

"For all of these we are striving, toiling and our victory will liberate them all."

TODAY'S WAR NEWS

ATHENS — 15,000 Italians reported encircled in Pindus Mountains with general and hundreds of prisoners taken; gains all along 100-mile front claimed by Greeks.

ROME — High command says advance into Greece is continuing, gives few details; 16 persons reported killed in British raids on Turin, in northern Italy, and Cagliari, in Sardinia.

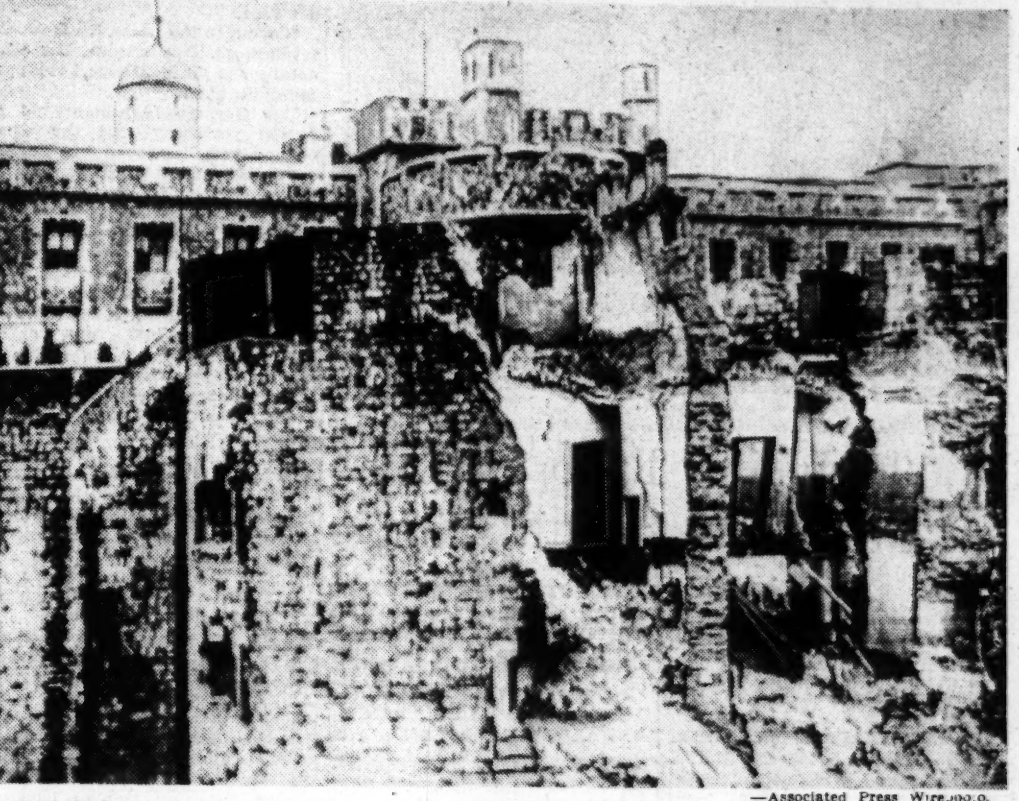
BERLIN — Germans claim bomb hits on 10,000-ton British cruiser, Hitler at Munich scoffs at U. S. production, saying Germany's leads world; American sharing of war materials with Britain called propaganda.

LONDON — British report attack on Munich, during Hitler speech, and on Turin and Milan in Italy; London and scattered parts of Britain raided; Admiralty says some ships escaped in German attack on convoys; Churchill says U. S. help means British victory.

NEW YORK — British liner Empress of Japan disabled when bombed by German planes in North Atlantic.

15,000 ITALIANS REPORTED TRAPPED IN MOUNTAINS; MOLOTOV SAID TO BE GOING TO BERLIN FOR TALK

Famous Tower of London Wrecked



WRECKAGE of the ancient Tower of London after it was struck by Nazi bombs. The historic tower long has been a landmark on the Thames. In it Anne Boleyn was beheaded. The picture was received by cable from London.

BIG BRITISH SHIP REPORTED BOMBED AT SEA, DISABLED

Empress of Japan, Former Canadian Liner Now in War Service, Crippled in Atlantic.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9 (AP). — A message reporting that the 26,032-ton liner Empress of Japan, former flagship of the Pacific fleet of the Canadian Pacific Steamship Co., had been bombed and disabled by German planes in the North Atlantic was received today by the New York office of Domei, the Japanese news agency.

The message, from a Domei correspondent aboard the Japanese liner Fushimi Maru, said the Japanese ship had intercepted an SOS from the Canadian vessel.

It said the attack occurred this morning about 300 miles west of Ireland, and that the Empress of Japan was disabled by a direct hit in its engine room.

The Empress of Japan had been requisitioned by the British Admiralty early in the war. It is believed it has been a troop carrier.

The reported attack occurred in the same area where the 42,348-ton Empress of Britain, flagship of Canadian Pacific's Atlantic fleet, was crippled by German bombers Oct. 26 and later sent to the bottom by a German submarine Oct. 28. Forty-five persons were missing in the Empress of Britain's destruction.

One of the world's most beautiful passenger ships, the Empress of Japan, traded between Vancouver and the Far East before the war. The liner was built in 1930 at Glasgow, at a cost of \$7,500,000 and had accommodations for 1212 passengers. As a troopship, it probably could carry six times that number.

FINED FOR LUGGING OUT TIME BOMB, SAVING BUILDING

LONDON, Nov. 9 (AP).—A neighborly sort of fellow, Frederick Leighton-Morris, 30 years old, safely removed a time bomb from a West End apartment—and was fined £100 (about \$400) by a London court yesterday for doing so.

Leighton-Morris, who said the auxiliary fire service rejected him because of his "groggy heart and wacky lungs," found the bomb under the bed of a French officer who had moved into the next room and had gone back to sleep without knowing the bomb was there.

The law says civilians must leave unexploded bombs to "suicide" units—the regular disposal squads.

Leighton-Morris said they'd turned him down, too, so he'd acted on his own.

NAZI RADIO ANNOUNCES VISIT BY SOVIET PREMIER

'To Render More Profound the Current Exchange of Views . . . Within . . . Friendly Relations Between Two Countries.'

NEW YORK, Nov. 9 (AP). — A forthcoming visit to Berlin by the Soviet Russian Premier and Commissioner of Foreign Affairs, Vyacheslav Molotov, is officially announced, the German radio broadcast today. The radio said he would arrive there soon.

The following official announcement was broadcast:

"Following the invitation of the Reich's Government and reciprocating last year's journeys of the Reich's Minister for Foreign Affairs, von Ribbentrop to Moscow, the chairman of the Council of People's Commissars of the U. S. S. R. and the People's Commissioner for Foreign Affairs Molotov will proceed to Berlin shortly for a visit in order to continue to render more profound the current exchange of views and renewed personal contact within the framework of the friendly relations between the two countries."

MUNICH, Nov. 9 (AP).—Adolf Hitler, in a speech last night to his party comrades, celebrating the seventeenth anniversary of the Munich beer hall putsch, made sarcastic reference to the United States as "the land of unlimited freedom" and said that although American production figures might be astronomical, "German production capacity is the highest in the world."

Germany, he said, is "preparing for the future as never before," and "strong enough to meet any combination in the world."

"Some time after" Hitler spoke, according to informed sources in Berlin, British Royal Air Force planes appeared over Munich and bombs fell on the city. Munich citizens were forced to take shelter. The Berlin sources emphasized that Hitler had completed his address before the attack. (British reports said the attack occurred during his speech.)

Hitler declared the German army the "best military instrument in the world, is uninterrupted training and improved," and "strong enough to meet any combination in the world."

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GENERAL, MANY MEN CAPTURED IN PINDUS AREA, ATHENS ASSERTS

Rest of Mussolini's Famed Centaur Division Without Supplies — Greeks Claim Gains All Along 100-Mile Front.

ATHENS, Nov. 9 (AP). — An entire Italian division—perhaps 15,000 men—was reported in informed quarters today to have been trapped by Greece's defenders in the Pindus Mountains and its capitulation only a matter of hours.

The troops were identified as Premier Mussolini's famed Centaur Division and it was said hundreds of the men, including the commanding General and four other officers, had been taken prisoner.

The action was one of a series in which Greek sources said counter-attacking mountain troops had thrown the Italian invasion machine into reverse all along the 100-mile front.

Salonica reports said Italian forces in Albania were withdrawing from the Koriza sector in the midst of the heaviest fighting of the two-week-old war. Greek troops were said to be gaining the upper hand slowly, although they had made no large advances.

The rest of the Centaur Division, said to be without food and other supplies, was scattered throughout the mountains inside a circle formed by Greek troops. Heavy Italian guns and a large quantity of war materials were dumped into a ravine to prevent capture by the Greeks, one source said.

Military experts said the predicament of the division was due both to an Italian blunder and brilliant Greek strategy. The Italians, trying to make a lightning thrust at a strategic road running into Ioannina (Jannina), went deep into the mountains. The Greeks cut the column and closed the gap in the lines, isolating the invaders.

The high command reported the Greek gains were greatest on the central battlefield, where part of the dent the Italians made in the Greek front line was straightened out, and in the deepening Greek wedge into Albania around encircled Koriza.

The Greeks were said to have captured more hills around the strategic Italian base at Koriza, possibly in preparation for a final onslaught against strong Fascist forces reported cut off in the fortified city.

Fierce Fighting Near Koriza.

Reports from Yugoslavia said the Greeks were encountering fierce resistance in the Koriza sector but had made some gains in a drive at Sebe Gora, mountain village to the northeast.

Italians cut off and taken prisoners there were said to have increased to 2500 the number of Fascist troops captured in 13 days of fighting.

Toward the Ionian coast, where Continued on Page 2, Column 2.

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50-50 PLAN LIKELY TO GIVE BRITAIN 40 BIG J. S. BOMBERS IN A FEW WEEKS

Applying New Policy to Plane Output Would Let Britain Have Half of 80 Flying Fortresses, Expected by December.

WAGE-HOUR RULES FOR DEFENSE JOBS

Stimson's Aid Announces Labor Policy With Pay for Overtime — Speaks Specifically of Work at New Army Camps.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9 (AP).—If President Roosevelt's newly announced policy of sharing American war materials output 50-50 with Great Britain is applied strictly to current big bomber production, Britain may get about 40 "flying fortresses" in a few weeks.

Authorities here said today they thought about 80 or more of these formidable planes would be out of the factory by December.

President Roosevelt, disclosing at his press conference yesterday that he intended to let Britain have about half of the American output, including the latest type of big bombers, emphasized that the policy he was laying down was but a "rule of thumb" standard.

Wage, Hour Standards. Meanwhile, maintenance of wage and hour standards on defense projects was put down as a primary concern of the War Department in its effort to press forward the rearmament program.

There must be no relaxation of these standards, the department said, if the program is to move "effectively forward."

Referring directly to construction of thousands of army cantonments in preparation for expansion of the land forces, Robert P. Patterson, Assistant Secretary of War, issued forth a declaration setting forth that general labor policy and calling for payment of overtime in factories where a longer than normal work week is necessary to production.

In another development, the War Department granted the British Purchasing Commission the right to buy 12,000 additional planes of various types in this country, bringing to 26,000 the number of military aircraft for which the British have placed American orders.

Construction of these planes, the board said, will be geared to production for United States forces "in such a way as to prevent interference with our own requirements." When delivery may be expected was not indicated.

Meanwhile, an effort to aid the British along financial lines was started at the capitol by Senator King (Dem.), Utah, who introduced a bill to permit them to buy American farm products on credit, by modifying the Johnson Act, which prohibits loans or credits to a nation in default on its World War debts.

Labor Policy Statement. In the labor policy statement the War Department said that "the overwhelming mass of American workers are intensely patriotic and want to help defend their country."

"They want to co-operate and they are co-operating," the statement continued. "But co-operation works both ways. Labor standards as to wages, hours of work and overtime, among others, must be maintained if the defense program is to go effectively forward."

It was stressed, however, that the basic 40-hour work week schedule would not be allowed to obstruct production of essential war materials, since a longer week may be worked when necessary if overtime rates are paid. All arsenals and many airplane factories already are running at the rate of six days a week and three eight-hour shifts a day with payment of time and one-half for overtime.

The War Department's policy, Patterson said, conforms with that of World War years when union wage scales, a standard work week and time and one-half for overtime were required. Moreover, he said, it is in line with the basic Government labor policy of a five-day, 40-hour work week as set forth in labor laws and in policy statements of the President and the Defense Commission.

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Meeting of Dictators



ADOLF HITLER (left) shaking hands with GEN. FRANCISCO FRANCO of Spain when they met recently at a French-Spanish border station for a conference on Spain's relation with the Axis Powers.

15,000 Italians Reported Cut Off by Greeks in Mountains

Continued From Page One.

the artillery-supported Italian drive at Ioannina forced the defenders back earlier in the week, some of the lost ground was reported to have been regained by the Greeks.

Last night's high command communiqué noted a let-up in Italian air attacks and said "enemy aviation activity was unimportant" yesterday with only one village bombed.

One Italian raider was reported downed by anti-aircraft fire.

ITALIANS REPORT DRIVE CONTINUING

ROME, Nov. 9 (AP).—Italian troops in Greece continued their advance, the Italian high command said today.

Fascist units in the Epirus section of Greece were said to be reinforcing a bridgehead beyond the Kalamas River, which roughly parallels the Greek-Albanian border from five to 15 miles inland.

A British raid on Turin, the communiqué asserted, bombed a maternity hospital, San Luigi Santorum, and a military hospital and barracks, causing some damage.

A bomb was reported to have hit a house between Moncalieri and Cambiano, killing nine persons and injuring several. The raid on Cagliari caused neither damage nor casualties, the high command said.

The British also bombed Tobruk and Derna, in Libya, the communiqué said, and nine persons were killed and 26 wounded in the latter city.

The loss of eight Italian planes in 12 days of the Greek campaign was reported semi-officially. Three were listed as falling to return to their base, four as having been shot down by British and Greek fighters or anti-aircraft fire, and one as having been destroyed on the ground. The same sources said 15 "enemy" planes had been destroyed in the same time, and nine probably destroyed.

CAPTURED ITALIANS TRY TO BUY FOOD

By J. WES GALLAGHER

SALONIKA, Nov. 9 (AP).—A new batch of 260 Italian prisoners arrived in Salonika today from the Albanian front. Thirty-one of them were Alpini, with feathers in their caps. Troops of this type formerly were stationed on the French front.

Greek guards accompanying the prisoners said they offered all their food and even wedding rings for the prisoners. "This was taken as an indication that British and Greek naval action in the Adriatic was making it difficult for Italy to supply its Albanian troops."

Greeks Wounded, but Fight On. A young Greek army sergeant who spent 15 years of his boyhood in New York and Detroit told me that a dawn attack by six wounded Greek soldiers paved the way for capture of 250 Italian troops in Albania. The hand-grenade attack, he said, was the climax of a day-and-night battle in which 60 other Italians were killed.

Sergeant Constantine Kellepousis, a political science student before start of the war, lay in a hospital with machine-gun wounds. He related that his company drove nine miles into Albania, then came to a small lake with the Italians entrenched on a nearby hill. He said fighting lasted all morning and that afternoon, after the Italians jumped out of their trenches waving a white flag, 10 men and take possession of the trenches," he continued. "We advanced to within 100 yards of the Italians when suddenly they jumped back into the trenches and began firing on us with machine guns. Five of my men were killed outright. The rest were wounded. We huddled behind rocks all

LONDON DENIES NAZI AIR RAIDER SANK ENTIRE CONVOY

Admiralty Asserts a 'Number of Ships' Escaped in Mid-Atlantic Attack Last Tuesday.

LONDON, Nov. 9 (AP).—The Admiralty announced tonight that "a number of ships" escaped from a German surface raider last Tuesday when it fell upon a convoy in mid-Atlantic. A communiqué declared that "the enemy's claim to have annihilated this convoy" is not true.

"Owing to the necessity for maintaining wireless silence, no other details are yet available," the communiqué said. The German high command reported yesterday that the whole convoy was destroyed by "surface warships" and German sources declared only two ships sent SOS messages. This indicated, they said, that all had gone down under shell fire.

The messages, which were heard in New York, were from the British ships Rangitiki, 16,698 tons, and Cornish City, 4,952 tons, saying they were being shelled by a battleship of the Admiral Graf Spee class. Nothing further was heard from them.

Meanwhile, naval sources said units of the British fleet undoubtedly were hunting the raider. The Admiralty said the 10,000-ton destroyer Winchester shot down two German dive bombers and hit three others which attacked shipping in the Thames estuary yesterday and that the Winchester suffered "slight damage."

(The German high command said today a 10,000-ton British cruiser was hit twice by bombs and probably was lost in dive-bombing attacks yesterday "in the region of the east coast of the British Isles.")

The Admiralty said the Winchester was damaged by "near misses." One merchant ship of 1900 tons sailing in ballast was sunk and another of 1200 tons damaged, the Admiralty said.

On the previous day, it said, the 1200-ton destroyer Egret also shot down one dive bomber and hit another when air attacks were made by shipping. The Egret was slightly damaged by bomb splinters and suffered a few casualties to its personnel.

(The German high command also said a 10,000-ton cruiser was damaged in air attacks on that day.) The British also announced that the submarine Sissie, which destroyed two German supply ships while on patrol along the German-held "invasion coast."

BEER CELLAR HIT AS HITLER SPOKE, RAIDERS REPORT

Continued From Page One.

were rail communications—and most of those run through the center of Munich—"it can quite easily be imagined that the city was hit by the beer cellar to listen to Hitler were disturbed."

The British planes were said to have arrived over Munich 14 minutes after Hitler was scheduled to begin speaking. The press association asserted there was little doubt that the planes were Royal Air Force which put a stop to any plans to broadcast Hitler's speech.

Milan Magazine Works Raided. An Air Ministry communiqué said the attack on railway stations and goods yards in Munich was made by a strong force of bombers while another force struck at Italy.

A German submarine base at Lorient on the Nazi-held coast was reported to have been bombed "with good results."

The Air Ministry press service said the R. A. F. flyers crossed the French Alps by moonlight and were over Italian territory shortly before 10 p. m.

"At 10:10 p. m.," it related, "the leader of the force detailed by the light of parachute flares and the first high explosive bombs were falling on a large branch factory of the Fiat Motor Works in the southern outskirts of the city. The bursts of the exploding bombs could be plainly seen within the factory area and were followed by outbreaks of fire."

The attack was carried on "incessantly by relays of aircraft" for more than a half hour, with salvos of incendiary bombs and sticks of high explosives straddling the factory, it was said. One stick of heavy bombs was reported to have struck a nearby Fiat Aircraft Works, where it started "a train of white explosions."

The main railway junction at Turin was attacked for "fully 15 minutes," the service went on, and large fires and explosions were sighted.

Bombs dropped on the Pirelli factory, north of Milan, started a series of fires which, the press service reported, were still burning at 11:10 p. m., when "the last salvo of high explosive bombs burst."

YUGOSLAVIA FILES PROTEST AGAINST BITOLJ BOMBING

BELGRADE, Yugoslavia, Nov. 9 (AP).—The Government announced last night the dispatch to Rome, Athens and London of identical communications calling attention to the bombing of Bitolj Tuesday by foreign planes and expressing the hope that there would be no further violations of Yugoslav territory.

NAZI AIR RAIDER BOMBS BUSINESS AREA IN LONDON

Number of Casualties Reported, Fires Started — Germans Return to Attack at Nightfall.

LONDON, Nov. 9 (AP).—London had two daylight air raid alarms today as a single raider dropped three bombs on business buildings, causing undetermined casualties. Fires sprang up in one section of the city.

Bombs fell, too, at isolated points in the Midlands, in Southeast and Southwest England and in the northeast and south. Several planes were reported to have machine-gunned various areas from low altitude.

Until late afternoon, the Air Ministry said, three raiding bombers had been shot down and there were no British losses. A communiqué said the raider who bombed London was shot down into the sea by fighter planes off the Sussex coast.

As darkness settled London received its now customary night alarm. Shortly after the alarm sounded bombs were dropped in a suburban district. Gunfire could be heard between heavy explosions.

Last night's Nazi air attacks on England were concentrated on London, with some casualties reported. One bomb scored a direct hit on a shelter.

More London buildings were damaged, but an Air Ministry communiqué said "both the damage and casualties were less than on the previous night."

"Slight damage" started at dusk, but dwindled to sporadic attacks soon after midnight.

Wide areas of London shook with bomb explosions in the early hours of the raid, which the Air Ministry described as "somewhat heavy at first."

Communities near the British capital shared in the attack, and raiders, for the most part operating singly, were reported over other scattered sections.

HITLER DECLARES REICH IS ABLE TO OUTPRODUCE U. S.

Continued From Page One.

promised certain victory for the Reich over Britain. "One of us must break and that will not be Germany," Hitler said.

"The moment will come when the gentlemen who now conquer the entire world with their mouths will have to stand up with their weapons. Then we will see who has employed the months better: We or the others."

When Hour for Attack Comes. He said that when the hour for the decisive attack comes, "I hope to reach again the same results which we have behind us. We have prepared everything most fundamentally to act quickly and daringly."

He said that when he became aware that the British were "determined under any conditions to go to war," he had "only a single wish: If they are already determined to war on us that they do it while I still lived. For I know that while I still lived, the hardest struggle was set before the German people."

Ridiculing British estimates of the number of German submarines sunk, he said British Prime Minister Winston Churchill had no idea of how they were being increased in number.

He also ridiculed Churchill "for beginning an air war with exactly the weapons in which, compared with us, England is the weakest."

Sarcastically he called Churchill a "strategist of the greatest genius yet born."

"They wanted to destroy Germany with an air war," he said. "I will now show them who will be destroyed."

He referred to President Wilson's part in the World War, explaining Germany's defeat, which he said came from interior Germany.

"For four years they (the Allies) tried and it was necessary for an American magician to rise who found a formula for which the German people fell, trusting the word of honor of a foreign President," Hitler cried.

On American Freedom. On the subject of American freedom, Hitler said, "Every immigrant must pass an unusually difficult examination before permission is given him to tread on the sacred soil of democracy, although scarce."

MOTHER! What kind of a laxative do you give your child?

That's an important question, mother. Because a laxative that's too strong for little systems can do more harm than good. Millions of mothers all over America give their youngsters Ex-Lax! And for good reason. They know that Ex-Lax is as gentle as a kitten to delicate systems, young and old. They know, too, that Ex-Lax is a dependable laxative—dependable and effective. Not too strong... not too mild... just right! Another thing, Ex-Lax is pleasant to take—tastes just like fine chocolate.



AMERICAN FREIGHTER SUNK NEAR MELBOURNE, PERHAPS BY MINE; ONE OF CREW LOST

First U. S. Vessel to Go Down Because of War Activity—British Ship Also Sinks Off Australia.

SYDNEY, Australia, Nov. 9 (AP).—Naval Minister William Hughes announced today that the 5885-ton American freighter City of Rayville blew up and sank off Cape Otway, near Melbourne, last night, but said 37 members of the crew of 38 had been saved.

Reuters, British news agency, quoted some members of the crew as attributing the explosion to sabotage, but Hughes said the sinking probably had been caused by a mine.

If this is so, the City of Rayville was the first American ship to be sunk by war activity since the outbreak of hostilities Sept. 3, 1939. The United States neutrality law bars American ships from belligerent ports, but Australia has not been declared within the zone of conflict.

Naval and fishing boats assisted in the rescue of the survivors, who were landed at a coastal town. The missing man was identified as Third Engineer James Bryan, 22 years old, of Norfolk, Va.

Hughes previously had announced the sinking of an unidentified British freighter in Australian waters and said this also was due to mines.

The Rayville was the second ship sunk within 24 hours. The Rayville's crew took to boats, which soon were sighted by fishing craft. The explosion occurred while the American freighter was en route

from Adelaide to Melbourne, about 10 miles off the coast, and the blast wrecked the forepart of the vessel and hurled wreckage and part of the lead cargo through the superstructure. The bridge was awash within five minutes.

Fragments of metal which fell into the Rayville's life boats after the explosion were turned over to mine experts for examination.

Second Officer Green, who was on the bridge when the blast occurred, said: "We saw nothing suspicious. After the explosion the ship dived by the head with incredible speed. There was no need to call the crew to boat stations because they were already there. I went overboard when it was three-quarters down and was picked up after 15 minutes."

The City of Rayville, owned by the United States Maritime Commission but leased to the United States Lines last February for \$4706 a month, was built in Tampa, Fla., and was registered at that port.

It reached Sydney from New York Oct. 14 and was reported leaving Melbourne Oct. 30 for Adelaide.

The State Department received a message from the United States Consul in Melbourne last night saying the vessel "had an explosion" about 120 miles from Melbourne but giving no details.

amounted to "only one part of one month's production," and listed German casualties at a little more than half of those in the Franco-Prussian war of 1870-71. German losses on this basis would be about 20,000.

The anniversary today has been designated as a "work day," and ceremony was dispensed with so the powers of the Reich could concentrate on defeating Britain.

(A scheduled broadcast of the Hitler speech was cancelled yesterday and the National Broadcasting Co.'s Berlin office said the cancellation was ordered by Hitler himself.)

He indicated that the Reich, as a result of this stop order, had freed additional industrial facilities for airplane production.

Around him as he spoke behind closed doors in the Losenbräu beer cellar were leaders of the party and survivors of both the 1923 putsch and the bomb explosion which rocked Burgerbräu Hall a year ago only a short time after Hitler had left. He made no mention of that incident last night.

Rejects Any Compromise. Hitler rejected all thought of compromise in the war and declared: "I imagine that I am not only the hardest man which the German nation has had for decades, perhaps centuries, but in addition I possess the greatest authority."

"I have no munitions shares in my possession. I earn nothing from this war. . . . These international criminals are at the same time the greatest munitions profiteers there are. The factories belong to them. They make the business. They are the same people we had earlier in Germany."

He threatened intensified air and submarine warfare on the British, and declared "we will see who is blocked in a few months: We or the others."

Reviewing the war, he said munitions expended by Germany thus far

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GERMANS REPORT BOMBING ANOTHER BRITISH CRUISER

Vessel Said to Have Been So Damaged That 'Loss Is Suspected' — Second Claim in Two Days.

BERLIN, Nov. 9 (AP).—The German high command announced today that its dive bomber forces, on counter-blockade duty against Britain, scored two bomb hits on a 10,000-ton British cruiser yesterday, damaging it so that its "loss is suspected."

It was the second time in as many days that the high command had reported bomb hits on 10,000-ton British cruisers.

The daily communiqué said six merchant ships totaling 34,000 tons "were sunk with certainty" yesterday by aerial bombardment and two others totaling 7000 tons "all probability were destroyed."

"Stuka groups of Gen. Field Marshal Kesselring again attacked shipping objectives and a convoy at sea in the region of the east coast of the British Isles and caused heavy damage to the enemy," the communiqué said.

Great Yarmouth was picked out for particularly heavy attacks which were directed at east coast ports, the communiqué said. Hangars and barracks at airports in Norfolk and Yorkshire were set afire, it said, while industrial plants in Birmingham, Coventry and Liverpool and docks and supply centers in London were struck.

The British dropped bombs last night in Munich, Stuttgart and several small localities of Württemberg, adding the damage caused was slight.

Informed quarters reported 21 British planes were downed in yesterday's fighting, against three Germans.

One British bomber was reported shot down during a night raid on the Reich.

MUSSOLINI REPLACES HALF OF FASCIST PARTY LEADERS

Marshal Badoglio's Appointment Commander in Albania Reported by British Radio.

ROME, Nov. 9 (AP).—Premier Mussolini shook up the Directorate of the Fascist Party today, replacing seven of its 14 members in what Fascist commentators called a "significant reform."

The move was understood to be the forerunner of a new party constitution redefining duties and responsibilities of its leaders.

A report that the Italian commander in Albania had been replaced by Marshal Badoglio, Chief of the Italian General Staff, was broadcast last night by the British Broadcasting Corporation.

St. Louis Firm Gets Contract. WASHINGTON, Nov. 9 (AP).—The War Department announced today the award of a \$259,534 contract to the Carter Carburetor Corporation of St. Louis for manufacture of artillery ammunition parts. The plant is at 2840 North Spring avenue.

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ST. LOUIS AWARD FOR 1940 GIVEN TO JAMES L. FORD JR.

In Recognition of His Lead-
ership in Fight on Smoke,
Chairmanship of United
Charities Drive.

HE TURNS OVER \$1000
FOR FUEL FOR NEEDY

Accepts Honor in 'Trustee-
ship,' for Aids, Praises
Donor as 'Splendid Man
I Think I Know.'

James L. Ford Jr. cherishes a
handsome certificate today, and
United Charities has the \$1000 check
of the 1940 St. Louis Award with
Ford's stipulation that all of it go
to smokeless fuel for the needy.

Check and certificate, provided
by an anonymous donor in 1932
for annual recognition of distin-
guished civic service, were pre-
sented to Ford by J. Lionberger
Davis, a member of the award com-
mittee, yesterday afternoon in the
Mayor's office in the City Hall.

The citation:
"For wise, patient and courage-
ous leadership as chairman of the
Citizens' Committee for the Elim-
ination of Smoke, in which capacity
he attacked the smoke evil of St.
Louis, an evil which threatens the
health and economic welfare of the
entire metropolitan area;

"For his successful leadership
and great service in the United
Charities campaign."

His Response.
Facing windows overlooking a
green patch of the Memorial Plaza
as he rose to respond, Ford could
not resist a thin blue haze, a possi-
bly significant contrast to pale
commonly neither thin nor blue be-
fore the Citizens' Committee tackled
his job. Before him in the gather-
ing of 200 persons sat members of
his committee and fellow-workers
in the United Charities drive which,
headed by Ford, reached its goal
last winter for the first time since
1932.

Accepting "in a spirit of trustee-
ship" for his co-workers, Ford held
the certificate tight but asked to
"rededicate the check to the two
great causes."

"I wish to pay tribute to the
splendid man who makes this award
possible," he said. "He modestly
prefers to remain unknown, but I
believe I know him, and I know
that he will not consider it un-
gracious."

He handed the check to Henry
Hitchcock, chairman of United
Charities' special gifts committee,
and by Marshal Badoglio, Chief
of the Italian General Staff, was
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For Service to Community



—By a Post-Dispatch Staff Photographer.
JAMES L. FORD JR., right, receiving the certificate and \$1000
check of the 1940 St. Louis Award from J. LIONBERGER
DAVIS of the Award Committee. MAYOR DICKMANN, center,
presided.

ROOSEVELT SEEKS 'CO-OPERATION OF ALL' IN 3d TERM

Would Welcome Aid, He Re-
plies to Babson's Sugges-
tion of Coalition.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9 (AP).—
President Roosevelt said today he
would welcome the "co-operation of
all citizens" during his third term.

In a telegram to Roger W. Bab-
son, Massachusetts statistician and
candidate for President on the
Prohibition party ticket, Roose-
velt said:

"My heartfelt thanks for your
message of congratulation. I shall
welcome your co-operation and the
co-operation of all citizens in giv-
ing the country those 'four great
years' which you mention. Best
wishes for your continued health
and happiness."

Babson had telegraphed Roose-
velt urging that he work for
coalition both with Republicans
and minority parties.

PAIR HURT WHEN DRIVER LOSES
CONTROL, HITS ANOTHER AUTO

Thomas J. Armistead Suffers Skull
Injury, Miss Hazel Woods
Fractured Ankle.

Thomas J. Armistead, 2820 Shen-
andoah avenue, and Miss Hazel
Woods, 4234 Swan avenue, were in-
jured when he lost control of his
automobile and struck a parked
machine in front of 3718 Chouteau
avenue at 2:25 o'clock this morn-
ing.

Armistead, 23 years old, was un-
conscious from a skull injury when
police reached the scene. Miss
Woods, 17, lost four front teeth and
suffered a fractured ankle. Both
are in City Hospital.

A. Blatterman, a clerk,
6172 Westminster place, suffered a
skull injury when he lost control
of his automobile on Theater drive
in Forest Park and the machine
struck a tree at 4 o'clock this
morning. He is in St. Mary's Hos-
pital.

200 AT HEARING ON 750-MILE
HIGHWAY PLAN FOR COUNTY

Several Speakers Indorse Proposal
for Parkway to Follow
the Three Rivers.

The St. Louis County Planning
Commission program for construc-
tion of 750 miles of roads for local
traffic was discussed at a hearing
attended by 200 persons last night
in the Clayton Courthouse.

The program would supplement a mas-
ter plan for 200 miles of cross-coun-
try roads already approved by the
County Court.

Mayor Boyle O. Rodes of Ladue,
on behalf of residents of his com-
munity, objected to the proposed
widening of McKnight road, which,
he said, would increase commercial
traffic, reduce property values and
increase hazards to children.

A proposal for so-called "penin-
sular parkways" through the Mis-
sissippi, Missouri and Meramec riv-
ers in the county was indorsed by
several speakers.

500 SEARCH WOODED HILLS
FOR MISSING GEORGIA CHILD

Boy, 2, Disappears in Region Pitted
by "Test Holes Dug in
Manganese Mining.

CARTERSVILLE, Ga., Nov. 9
(AP).—More than 500 men tramped
rough, pine-covered hills today in
search of 2-year-old Murray Up-
shaw Jr., missing since yesterday
noon from his farm home 13 miles
north of this city. The tempera-
ture was near freezing.

The child, son of Mr. and Mrs.
Murray Upshaw, was last seen play-
ing with his dog in the yard of
his parents' home. An all-night
search in which the father took
part failed to reveal any trace. The
region is pitted with test holes dug
in manganese mining.

Two Below Zero in Montana.
CHICAGO, Nov. 9 (AP).—The
coldest weather of the season hit
the North-Central States today.
The mercury dropped to two below
zero at Cutbank, Mont., the coldest
spot in the nation. In Northern
Montana lows of two to six above
were common. There was wide
spread, but light, snow in the Da-
kotas, Montana and Nebraska.

AIR STANDARDS GROUP ASKS OTHERS TO JOIN

Engineers Seeking to Speed
Plane Output for Defense Call
for Interchangeable Parts.

Progress in the development of
standardized airplane parts de-
signed to promote production ef-
ficiency and accelerate the defense
program was discussed today at a
technical conference of standards
engineers representing 22 major
aircraft manufacturers throughout
the country constituting the Air-
craft Standards Committee.

The conference, which closed to-
day at the Park Plaza Hotel, has
created the Aircraft Standards
Committee, correlating the work of
separate Eastern and Western
standards committees which have
been studying standardization
methods for 18 months. Other
companies have been invited to
join the national group.

The committee attacks the stan-
dardization problem by studying
various manufacturing processes
and parts designs, exclusive of
motors, with a view of making
many parts interchangeable. Final
products of various factories will
retain their individual identities.

James Associates, engineer-
ing of the Bell Aircraft Co., Buf-
falo, N. Y., who was elected
chairman of the national commit-
tee yesterday, said factories were
exchanging data and research ma-
terial and that the Army and
Navy had volunteered to co-oper-
ate in the standardization program.

The committee, Smith said, would
endeavor to unite engineering fac-
tories of manufacturers to develop
and get into production aircraft
standard parts, materials and pro-
cesses. Standardization, he pointed
out, would permit a greater degree
of interchangeability, facilitate
mass production, cut unit costs,
reduce delivery time, and save "valu-
able man hours in producing air-
craft in quantities for the national
defense program."

During the last 18 months, the
Eastern and Western committees,
now merged into the national body,
have standardized many parts in-
cluding rivets, bolts, cable terminal
boxes and cable ends. They have
established a color code for iden-
tification of various kinds of ca-
ble and have worked out specifica-
tions for protective finishes, heat
treating and ferrous and non-fer-
rous methods.

The two former separate com-
mittees, representing manufactur-
ers on the Eastern and Western
seaboards, now will function as
divisions of the national organiza-
tion, holding regional meetings oc-
casionally. J. E. Cox of Vega Air-
plane Co., Burbank, Cal., and J.
T. Thompson of the Glenn L. Mar-
tin Co., Baltimore, will serve as
chairmen of the Western and East-
ern divisions, respectively.

\$149,000 IN W P A FUNDS
FOR 5 PROJECTS IN COUNTY

Hospital Grounds, School Build-
ings, City Hall in University
City on List.

WPA allocations totaling \$149,-
997 for five undertakings in St.
Louis County were announced yester-
day by Congressman C. Arthur
Anderson. Sponsors will contribute
an additional \$66,862.

The projects were: \$65,301 for
improvement of St. Louis County
Hospital grounds; \$37,441 for Berke-
ley school district for building a
new grade school and additions to
the high school; \$7095 to University
City for reconstruction of north
wing of City Hall, destroyed by
fire two years ago; \$6022 to West
Walnut Manor school district to
complete construction of a high
school; and \$14,138 to the Nor-
mandy School District for reha-
bilitation of schools.

PHONE CABLE TO KANSAS CITY

St. Louis Will Be Provided With
More Circuits to Pacific Coast.

Preliminary work has been start-
ed by Southwestern Bell Telephone
Co. on an underground cable be-
tween St. Louis and Kansas City,
which will parallel one laid in 1931,
the company announced today.

Sixteen amplifying stations are
being constructed between St.
Louis, Kansas City and Joplin. The
new cable will provide St. Louis
and points east with additional cir-
cuits to the Pacific Coast and in-
termediate points.

NEW YORK STATE CIO BOARD ASKS LEWIS TO RESIGN

Wants Him to Keep Pledge
—Body's Authority Chal-
lenged by New York City
Leader.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9 (AP).—The
Executive Board of the New York
State CIO Council wants John L.
Lewis to resign his CIO leadership,
as he said he would do if President
Roosevelt won re-election.

A statement issued for the board
by Gustave A. Strebel, president,
after a meeting yesterday, said elec-
tion results constituted a "complete
reputation" of Lewis, and demand-
ed that he make good his promise
to step down as CIO president at
the national convention in Atlantic
City Nov. 18.

Joseph Curran, president of the
Greater New York Industrial Union
Council (CIO), which has started a
movement to call on Lewis for an-
other term, charged that the state
board had no authority to speak
for CIO unions in the state.

He asserted that the board had
been elected illegally at the annual
state convention six weeks ago in
Rochester—a convention which
Lewis himself declared illegal after
leaving delegates walked out in
protest against a resolution indors-
ing a third term for Roosevelt.

Curran called the state board a
"disruptive clique" and a "phony
subdivision" of the Amalgamated
Clothing Workers of America, the
union headed by Sidney Hillman.
Hillman is labor member of the de-
fense commission.

110TH OBSERVATION SQUADRON
MOBILIZATION TO BE DELAYED

Call, Which Was Set for Nov. 25,
Deferred to January; Camps
Not Ready.

The 110th Observation Squadron,
Missouri National Guard air unit,
stationed at Lambert-St. Louis
Field, was notified last night by the
National Guard Bureau at Wash-
ington that its induction into active
service, tentatively set for Nov. 25,
would be deferred until January.

No reason for the delay was stated
but it apparently is due to the
fact that the new camp under con-
struction for National Guard troops
at Camp Joseph T. Robinson, Little
Rock, Ark., will not be ready until
Jan. 1. The air unit is sched-
uled to go to the new camp.

The unit's small camp will be
ready for occupancy late this
month. However, since the squad-
ron is to work with the Thirty-fifth
Division, National Guard, at Little
Rock, the National Guard Bureau
presumably decided not to order
the unit ahead of other troops.

Mobilization of the 138th Infan-
try, St. Louis regiment, and other
Thirty-fifth Division troops will be
postponed, it is expected, until both
housing and hospital facilities at
Camp Robinson are ready. Definite
information to this effect had not
been received today, it was stated
at regional headquarters, but or-
ders setting a later mobilization
date are expected.

MISSOURI SUPREME COURT
ACTS IN STATE PRINTING ROW

Assumes Jurisdiction in Plea, to
Compel Officials to Give Con-
tract to St. Louis Bidder.

JEFFERSON CITY, Nov. 9.—The
Missouri Supreme Court en banc
assumed jurisdiction today of a pe-
tition for a writ of mandamus, to
compel the State Public Printing
commission to award the 1940-1942
State printing contract to the Von
Hoffman Press of St. Louis, which
contended its rejected bid was the
lowest and best proposal by about
\$100,000.

An alternative writ of mandamus
was issued by the court, returnable
in ten days. The commission's
answer is filed, the case will be set
for hearing on the question of
whether the writ shall be made
peremptory, or final. A special com-
missioner may be appointed to take
testimony, if necessary.

The Supreme Court denied that
part of the petition asking the
court to direct the commission to
cancel a temporary contract award-
ed to the Midland Printing Co.
of Jefferson City to do the print-
ing pending a decision in the
litigation. The Midland company
has held the State printing con-
tract about seven years.

ACCIDENT VERDICT RETURNED
IN FATAL SHOOTING OF WIFE

Tavern Owner, Nearly Blind, Tes-
tifies He Fired When She
Threw Bottles at Him.

A Coroner's verdict of accident
was returned last night at Ed-
wardsville in the death of Mrs.
Sarah Meyers, 47 years old, who
was shot and killed Thursday by
her husband, James H. Meyers,
after an argument in his tavern
at Mont Station, four miles south
of Edwardsville.

Meyers, who is 63 years old and
nearly blind, testified he became
so nervous when she began throw-
ing bottles and ash trays at him
that he fired in the air to frighten
her. He said that after she
threw another bottle at him, he
fired without aiming. The second
shot entered her left cheek and
penetrated the base of her skull.

The verdict stated death was
"accidental." That Meyers was at-
tempting to frighten his wife so
she would discontinue her attack
on him, and that he fired "with-
out intent of injury to her."

\$11,000,000 TNT PLANT CONTRACT TO NEW YORK FIRM

Kansas City Man Who Did
Preliminary Work Fails
to Get Construction Job
in St. Charles County.

The \$11,325,000 contract for con-
struction of the TNT plant in St.
Charles County was awarded by the
War Department today to
Fraser-Brace Engineering Co., Inc.,
of New York City, instead of to R.
Newton McDowell, Kansas City
contractor, who had done the pre-
liminary work.

For about two weeks, McDowell
has been obtaining options on the
20,000 acres of land near the Daniel
Boone Bridge for the explosives
plant. He announced at a mass
meeting Wednesday night at
Howell that he had obtained op-
tions on about a third of the land.

Questioned as to whether he would
build the plant, he said he did not
have the contract but was an ap-
plicant for the job. The original
announcement of plans for the
plant came from McDowell, who
expected at that time to build it.

D. M. Bolton, manager of the
procurement office maintained by
the McDowell firm in St. Charles,
said that Post-Dispatch reporter
that it was not unusual for the
War Department to designate one
firm to buy up the land and an-
other to do the construction.

The plant will be owned by the
War Department but will be oper-
ated by the Atlas Powder Co. of
Wilmington, Del., which has re-
ceived a \$8,300,000 contract for its
work. The plant will have a daily
capacity of 800 tons of TNT and
DNT, explosives used in shells.

The contract with Fraser-Brace
is on a cost-plus-fixed-fee basis.
Landowners were advised to sign
options "without unnecessary de-
lay" in letters mailed today by a
committee of four farmers, ap-
pointed by R. A. Langenbacher, St.
Charles County Farm Agent. The
owners were told that to sign
would be "in the best interests of
the Government, our country and
the farmers themselves."

Referring to statements by St.
Louis lawyers at Wednesday's
mass meeting that the Government
could not condemn the land be-
cause it is not at war or threatened
with war, the letter said: "Despite
what was said at Howell, and since
the site has been approved and is
required as a vital link in national
defense, we are convinced that, if
farmers do not enter into the tak-
ing of options at once with the
War Department's agent, the Gov-
ernment will be compelled to in-
stitute condemnation proceedings
in order to avoid undue delay."

Members of the committee are:
R. H. Sincock, School Board mem-
ber, who already has signed an
option to sell his farm; Rudolph
Kessler, George H. Hackman and
E. H. Miller.

PLAN PROPOSED FOR WIDENING
STREET ALONG MEMORIAL SITE

Bill Submitted to Aldermen Would
Authorize City Officials to Work
With Government.

Third street from Eads Bridge
to Poplar street, bordering the Jeffer-
son Exposition Memorial site on the
west, would be widened from 38
feet to 60 feet by a bill intro-
duced in the Board of Aldermen
yesterday, authorizing the Mayor
and Comptroller to enter into an
agreement with the Secretary of
the Interior for the widening.

An official of the Park Service
here said the approximate cost
would be \$592,724, and that an ap-
plication for WPA funds had been
prepared. The park service and
the city would pay the sponsors
share of \$170,956.

The plan provides for two 30-
foot slabs separated by a 20-foot
pedestrian promenade on the east
side and 22-foot walk on the west.
The city is to maintain the street
after widening. Land for the wid-
ening is to be provided by the Gov-
ernment from the memorial site.

WAY CLEARED FOR REFUNDING
OF FIRE INSURANCE PREMIUMS

Last Obstacle to Distribution of Im-
pounded \$1,650,000 Removed by
State Supreme Court.

JEFFERSON CITY, Nov. 9 (AP).—
The last obstacle to refunding
\$1,650,000 of impounded fire insur-
ance premiums to policyholders was
removed today by the State Su-
preme Court.

The court overruled a motion for
a rehearing on its decision blocking
a suit by Glenn C. Weatherby for
allowance of attorney fees from the
premiums, impounded in the 1923-
24 per cent fire insurance rate case.

The Insurance Department is pre-
paring now to start the refunds to
holders of about 700,000 policies.

DEPARTMENT STORE SALES UP
4.6 Pct. Greater in St. Louis in
October Than in September.

Department store sales in St.
Louis last month were 4.6 per cent
greater than in the preceding
month and 8.9 per cent greater
than in October, 1939, the St. Louis
Federal Reserve Bank reported to-
day.

Sales this year through October
were 6.6 per cent above the total
in the comparative 10-month period
last year.

St. Louis and County Boards Posting Order Numbers of Registrants

Local Lists Show Total of 140,170 Have Been
Given Serial Classifications for
Possible Call.

Lists of order numbers of regis-
trants for the draft in the 39 dis-
tricts of St. Louis and St. Louis
County have been or soon will be
posted publicly at the various
board offices.

The sequence of order numbers
fixes the order of liability for clas-
sification and military service, un-
der the Selective Service Act. It
was determined by the order of
drawing serial numbers in the na-
tional draft lottery at Washington
Oct. 29.

Master copies of the results of
that drawing were furnished to the
local boards. Each board eliminat-
ed serial numbers higher than the
highest serial number in its dis-
trict, in order to arrive at a con-
tinuous sequence of order numbers
applicable only to its own district.
Men with the same serial number,
in different districts, almost in-
variably have different order num-
bers.

Highest serial numbers in the
city and county districts were:
Ward 1—4372; Ward 2—2864;
Ward 3—2832; Ward 4—3098; Ward
5—2862; Ward 6—2850; Ward 7—
3252; Ward 8—3891; Ward 9—2974;
Ward 10—2836; Ward 11—3384;
Ward 12—3749; Ward 13A—3376;
Ward 13B—3036; Ward 14—2411;
Ward 15—3112; Ward 16—3377;

Ward 17—3835; Ward 18—2913;
Ward 19—3920; Ward 20—3821;
Ward 21—2702; Ward 22—4617;
Ward 23—3955; Ward 24A—3844;
Ward 24B—4749;
Ward 25—4059; Ward 26—4016;
Ward 27—5939; Ward 28—4141;
County Dist. 1—3364; Dist

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER

December 11, 1938

The Pulitzer Publishing Co.
Twelfth Boulevard and Olive Street

THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM

I know that my retirement will make no difference in its cardinal principles; that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate demagogues or corruption, always defend the rights of all parties, never belong to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare; never be satisfied with merely printing news; always be drastically independent; never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

JOSEPH PULITZER.

April 16, 1907.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

In Reply to Maj. Williams.

ESPECIALLY wish to bring to the attention of the people of St. Louis the present state of training of the 110th Observation Squadron, which is one of the National Guard units unjustly criticized by Maj. Al Williams in his column published in the Post-Dispatch last Monday.

Maj. Williams was talking of the National Guard as it existed 10 years ago, and while I thoroughly agree with him generally as to the advisability of a separate air corps and respect his comments on the various air activities of the Continental countries, I believe Maj. Williams should become acquainted with the National Guard observation squadrons to learn just what splendid units they are.

Contrary to Maj. Williams' statements, the pilots of this squadron are permitted cross-country flights at any time they can arrange to accomplish them, during the week as well as on scheduled drill periods.

No cross-country request has ever been turned down, and our officers have flown in all parts of the country, day and night. Over one-third of our flying time has been this type of training.

All pilots of this organization hold instrument ratings, and the average pilot has flown 247 hours in the last year, more than 16 per cent of which has been at night.

"Not more than a tiny, inconsequential fraction of the National Guard air unit planes are equipped with guns," Maj. Williams wrote.

This, and every other National Guard squadron, has machine guns for each and every tactical airplane that it has, and this applies to the fixed forward guns as well as the rear flexible guns.

E. H. LAUTH,
Major, Air Corps, Missouri National Guard, Commanding 110th Observation Squadron,
Lambert-St. Louis Airport.

Missouri's Non-Secret Ballot.

DURING the past 19 years, I have cast my ballot in four different states, but Tuesday was the first time I have ever voted Missouri's non-secret ballot.

I have cast my last vote in the State of Missouri, unless the system is changed so that anyone who might be interested in knowing how I voted cannot look it up.

Why not a statewide crusade for the secret ballot?

JOHN Q. NELZ.

The Exit of John L. Lewis.

ONE of the tragic by-products of the Roosevelt victory was the knockout blow it delivered to John L. Lewis, who waged his prestige and the presidency of the Congress of Industrial Organizations upon a New Deal defeat.

That the doughy president of the CIO United Mine Workers' Union, who was on his feet in quite apparent to everyone who knows him.

The inglorious passing of a man who was the stormy petrel of the labor movement of our times, who, in his own way, made invaluable contributions to its victories, should serve as a warning to all who permit their sound judgment and duty to be deviated by personal antipathies.

The exit of Lewis from the CIO will make rapprochement between this labor group and the American Federation of Labor more probable in the near future.

In the present unsettled state of our national economy, with war a possibility, organized labor must be prepared to present a four-square phalanx of unity for the defense of our national interests and of our democratic way of life.

MAURY E. RUBIN,
Editor, St. Louis Labor Tribune.

For a Presidential Primary.

I READ that as soon as Congress reconvenes, there will be an effort to abolish the electoral college and to provide for electing the President by the direct majority vote of the people, as all other elective officials are chosen.

This is something which should have been done years ago.

The President and Vice-President should also be nominated in a primary contest by a majority vote of the people, the same as other elective officials.

There is no logical reason why both amendments should not be adopted and become effective in the next presidential election. This would make both candidates the choice of the American people instead of the choice of picked conventions. This would be a long step toward genuine democracy.

R. H. R.

Unite for Defense.

NOW that the national election is over, it appears to me that the main job confronting our people is to accomplish national unity in our troubled times.

Republicans and Democrats alike should pool their efforts in order that we may succeed in our defense preparations. This is the greatest task in the history of the United States, and it is of vital necessity that no obstacles block the path.

National unity should be the keynote of the United States for the next four years.

JERRY ROSENBERG.

A NUISANCE BECOMES A MENACE.

Marlin Dies has long been a nuisance. Now he is becoming a very real menace.

The Texas Congressman's irresponsible "investigations" for some time have been an outrageous threat to the civil liberties of a good many American citizens. A sharp reminder of this was a letter recently published on this page. It recounted how the great Red-hunter required three Oklahoma clergymen to appear before one of his "subcommittees"—local agents of very dubious legal status. The public was allowed to gather the impression that these men had sinister connections with the Communist party, or were otherwise connected with subversive activities. As in so many other cases, the implicit charges apparently were without any basis in fact.

It is a very dangerous game, especially in tense times, to play so lightly with the reputations of public-spirited men. It contributes to a spirit of hysteria and witch-hunting that forebodes nothing but evil. At a time when we absolutely need national unity for national defense, we must not encourage haphazard name-calling, especially since there is danger that the calling of the name may be taken as equivalent to the proving of the charge.

The Post-Dispatch has always spoken out firmly against this kind of mumbo-jumbo. Now it appears that Mr. Dies has carried his game to such an extreme that it is interfering with the serious work of the Federal Bureau of Investigation in its vigilance against spies and saboteurs.

J. Edgar Hoover, the bureau's director, is fumingly angry because rash Dies raids on Nazi agencies in New York have undone his careful plans to obtain really serious information. He and his chief, Attorney-General Jackson, are angry, too, because Dies made it all but impossible for them to obtain evidence for certain prosecutions, and then tried to convert the failure to prosecute into a political issue. Their complaints are in effect charges that Dies, for the sake of a little publicity, has trifled with national safety.

The legality of the Dies proceedings has been open to question. A congressional committee has the right to make investigations in connection with possible future legislation, but the Dies sleuthing seems to be largely a personal matter. As a result of it, the Texas hawkshawk finds himself in a very profitable public-speaking and book-publishing business.

That, admittedly, is a relatively minor matter. The besmirching of good reputations is more serious. Jeopardizing the national defense is too grave to be overlooked. Congress has once extended the life of the Dies committee and is expected to do so again. Before it actually does so, there might well be created a committee to investigate the Dies committee.

In the FBI, we have an expert super-police force, fully competent to protect us against plotters of one kind and another. Mr. Dies has no such ability and offers us no such protection. When his irresponsibility begins to interfere with the work of the Department of Justice, it is high time that Congress pauses for a little reflection.

A lot of us were so absorbed in the campaign that we never for a minute suspected that on the last day of October our per capita circulation was \$62.66.

MR. ROOSEVELT'S BAD ELECTION GUESS.

By his own confession, Mr. Roosevelt is a poor forecaster of election results. He predicted 340 electoral votes for himself, the President now discloses, and the returns show that he was wrong to the extent of 109 electoral votes. Even some of us amateurs did a lot better than that.

But the President doesn't lose in stature as a result of his bad guess. Suppose he had gone off the deep end, as Paul McNutt and Maury Maverick did in predicting a majority in every state, even Maine and Vermont. And Franklin Jr. saw national unanimity as "possible, even probable." Such a sweeping prediction as that by F. D. R. would have left him, despite his decisive victory, a rather disappointed man after the election.

As it is, there was a touch of modesty and restraint in the President's too-low prediction. It's a reassuring note as he prepares to assume the powers of our first third-term President.

When informed that Roger Babson, the Prohibition candidate, didn't carry a precinct, the Demon Rum drew himself up to his full height and dictated the following statement: "No comment."

ILLINOIS AGAIN BEATS THE BOSSES.

After eight years of Democratic administration, voters of Illinois have again entrusted their State government to the Republicans. In winning the governorship, Dwight H. Green, 43-year-old prosecutor of Al Capone, proved to be the most popular of all the candidates, for his total vote exceeded that of President Roosevelt in the State. Since Mr. Green won by about 240,000 and Mr. Roosevelt's majority was approximately 115,000, it is evident that Illinois was utterly uninterested in party labels.

Mayor Kelly of Chicago, as Illinois Democratic national committeeman, felt called on to explain the victory of Mr. Green. He said it was because his opponent, Harry B. Hershey of Taylorville, was not so well known as Mr. Green. That explanation is inadequate. Neither Mr. Green nor Mr. Hershey was well known downstate before the primary. Both, however, came before the voters with excellent reputations among their friends. But one of Mr. Hershey's political advantages was also a public handicap: support by the Kelly-Nash machine.

For the fact is that the Chicago bosses have again been turned back by the people of Illinois. Under the late Gov. Horner, the people beat the bosses soundly in the 1936 Democratic primary. Re-elected, Gov. Horner thrashed them again in 1938, when the bosses made another bid for State control in the senatorial primary. Now it has been done a third time in a revolution which has brought a party overturn. Mr. Horner and Mr. Hershey were friends, but the latter's defeat, in the last analysis, is consistent with the late Governor's own smashing battles with the Cook County machine.

As Governor, Mr. Green will have a Republican Legislature, since his party won control of the State Senate and retained its slender margin in the House. This will provide the new administration with an opportunity to keep its campaign pledge of a reduction in the cost of State government and to keep other promises which require joint action by the executive and legislative departments.

In the country at large, the Republicans lost more congressional seats than they gained, but in Illinois their six new seats give them control of the State delegation in the House, 26 to 11. The Democrats lost not only the two seats which are filled by election at large, but three downstate members, veterans

Keller and Parsons of "Egypt" and the genuine liberal, Frank Fries of the Springfield district. The defeat of Representative-at-large T. V. Smith in particular is unfortunate. Mr. Smith, the University of Chicago philosophy professor, went to Washington after distinguished service as State Senator. He took to Congress ability and equipment which all too seldom turn up in the rough-and-tumble of the political arena.

MORE AID FOR BRITAIN.

For Mr. Roosevelt's statement of policy, allotting to the British 50 per cent of all defense materials coming off American factory lines, there will be general public approval.

Applauding Britain's gallant fight against the Nazi invaders, Americans as a whole favor extending every possible aid in the way of armaments, so long as this help complies with the law, and does not endanger our own national defense.

The new 50-50 division applies only to British purchases from manufacturers, on a cash-and-carry basis, and not to war implements held by the army and navy. This country is now selling Britain about 45 per cent of its factory output, and an additional 5 per cent, in view of increases in production, should make no material difference.

But constantly greater gains in defense output must be made. The need becomes all the more imperative since our factories have the simultaneous tasks of helping arm two countries. Britain's need is desperate; America started almost from scratch in its arms program. For the safety of both nations, more and more factory wheels must turn, ever more swiftly and efficiently.

These are legitimate forms of aid to the British, but over-zealous partisans of England's cause still are seeking to divert American help into dangerous channels. Senator King of Utah again urged a perilous course yesterday when he called on Congress to modify the Johnson Act and the Neutrality Act so Britain might buy on credit in this country. His pending bill provides not only for these steps, but also for loans to Britain by the Export-Import Bank.

This is an ominous attempt to repeat the pattern of 1914-15. Our original position was no loans, then loans were made, and this financial involvement ultimately became a powerful argument for entering the war. And only a fraction of the loans was repaid.

The British have sufficient reserves to pay cash for all their purchases here for years to come. We are giving their cause tremendous aid by making available half our factory output of war materials. At the same time, Americans are determined to keep their country out of the European conflict.

Build planes and guns for Britain? Yes. But thumbs down on any retreat from the existing credit restrictions.

A TRIBUTE DESERVED.

The St. Louis Award for 1940 has been bestowed on James L. Ford Jr. His name is thus added to the distinguished roll of those who since 1931 have been singled out for the greatest individual contribution to the community in the preceding 12 months.

Mr. Ford was honored for his chairmanship of the 1939 United Charities campaign and, even more, for the leadership he has displayed as chairman of the Smoke Elimination Committee.

The effort to rid our winter air of filth and soot, the effort to make the noontide sun visible in January as it is in June, is without question the greatest undertaking in the history of this community. It is necessarily a continuing task. Much has been accomplished. Much remains to be done. Mr. Ford's energy and the success with which it has been crowned in the last year are the best possible hostage for the future. Characteristically, he gives one more push to the campaign by contributing his \$1000 award check to buy smokeless coal for needy St. Louisans.

Just because the task is not yet ended, citizens of St. Louis this year have an unusual opportunity to indorse the award. They can, by their co-operation in the effort against smoke, make concrete their respect for Mr. Ford and, incidentally, do themselves a very great service.

The Post-Dispatch, meanwhile, pays its most sincere tribute to Mr. Ford because he has given without stint of his time and his energy for the common good, and thus has provided St. Louis with a magnificent example of good citizenship.

F. D. R.'s costails were not quite big enough for Larry.

A \$100,000 ARGUMENT FOR THE MERIT SYSTEM.

What is adoption of a merit system worth to a state? Supporters of this reform can usually do no more than make estimates in answering the question, but today a specific answer is available in Missouri.

Adoption of a merit system in the State Board of Health is worth \$100,000, cash.

Because such a system does not now exist, as required by the Federal Government in distribution of funds for its child-health program, the grant to Missouri is being held up. Until it is placed in effect, the money will not be forthcoming.

Naturally, there is curiosity and concern as to why the merit system is not adopted at once. Gov. Stark has addressed a pointed inquiry to Attorney-General McKittick, asking why he has not taken proper steps to put the system into effect in this bureau. The public will eagerly await his reply, and so will the dependent children and mothers whose welfare is threatened by this obstacle.

The situation becomes all the more puzzling on considering the recent dispute over the merit system in the Social Security Department. Mr. McKittick had ruled, as he did in connection with the Board of Health, that there was no legal authority for installing the merit system. So the Government held up its 50 per cent contribution to the October pension payments, which amounted to \$1,564,764 in all. After a few days, it was announced the controversy had been settled, and merit system examinations in the department would be held shortly.

If the merit system can be installed in the Social Security Department, why can't it also be installed in the Board of Health? If Mr. McKittick can overcome what he at first declared insuperable obstacles in the one case, why can't he do it in the other?

Installing the merit system piecemeal and under Federal compulsion isn't the ideal way of getting it for Missouri, to be sure. But it is better than the seemingly endless delays, if the reform is left entirely to the lagging action of patronage-hungry politicians.

Not only the public purse benefits when ability, not politics, is the requisite for a State job. In this instance, the reform will be worth \$100,000 to the underprivileged children of Missouri.

The suspension of the Tacoma Narrows Bridge is canceled.



OLD POLLY KIBITZER IS AT IT AGAIN.

What Is Our Far Eastern Policy?

The Mirror
of
Public Opinion

Sending of pursuit squadrons to the Philippines causes editor to ask whether we intend to defend British possessions; English have no right in Asia, he declares; Australia and New Zealand are different, but he insists we do not have the power to protect them.

From the New York Daily News.

SECRETARY OF THE NAVY FRANK KNOX says the United States can and will defend any territory under the American flag. The War Department dots the 'i's and crosses the 't's of this statement by sending two crack Army Air Corps pursuit squadrons to the Philippines.

This is all very exciting and interesting, but what we would like to know is: What is the United States' policy in the Far East?

We don't know what it is, and we don't know of any observer who does know. Some-times we suspect that there is no United States policy in the Far East; that our Government improvises all the time in that important and explosive quarter of the world.

It may be that our policy is to defend British possessions in the Far East—Hongkong, the Malay States, British India, Australia, New Zealand—with Britain one day soon to give us the right to base our Far East naval forces on Singapore.

As regards Hongkong, Malaysia and British India, we do not see how the United States is called upon to defend British interests in any of them. The British have no more historic or racial right to be in any of those places than the Germans have to be in France. They are there because they have the force to stay there, up to now, just as the Germans are in France because they have the force to be there.

A couple of hard cases are presented by Australia and New Zealand.

Australia is a continent of almost 3,000,000 square miles, lacking some 55,000 square miles of being as big as the United States. It has 7,000,000 people. These 7,000,000 whites are within a week's sail of about 500,000 land-hungry Asians, and within 10 days' sail of about one billion ditto.

New Zealand—area 100,000 square miles, population 1,700,000—is in similar case. Both Australia and New Zealand, by various immigration devices, bar out the Asians from these productive and sparsely settled lands.

Vacuum of this kind produce hurricanes in the atmosphere and that enraptures the earth. This population vacuum has threatened for decades to produce a hurricane in the South Pacific—meaning the yellow hordes are forever wanting to spill over into Australia and New Zealand.

We doubt that this human tidal wave can forever be prevented, though we wish the Australians and New Zealanders the best of luck.

But the question which ought to be settled is: Does the United States intend to take a hand in trying to save Australia and New Zealand for the white race, in these times of growing danger to the British Empire?

The dispatching of the crack army flyers to the Philippines seems to indicate that that is our Government's intention.

It also seems to indicate that our Government intends to hold onto the Philippines right up to the due-date of the Philippine Independence Act in 1946. If Japan tries to take the islands before that time, our Government appears severely determined to fight Japan—in a war which we might not win, to preserve our grip on a set of islands whose inhabitants for years have been begging us to let go, and whom we have promised in any event to let go in 1946.

So far as we have any policy in the Far East, this seems to be it. To us it looks like a very screwy policy indeed, and one which may let this country in for more toll and sweat, blood and tears, than have been its lot since the Civil War.

We think the same foreign policy for this nation would be one founded on realization of these facts: (1) That we cannot be Sir Galahad to the modern world, going around and righting wrongs everywhere, because we haven't the power, wealth or population to do it; (2) that the logical part of the world for us to police is the northern part of the Western Hemisphere.

We'll be forced to such a policy sooner or later, by the pressure of events and the power of other nations, if we don't adopt such a policy voluntarily. Why not save a lot of misery for ourselves by starting to think exclusively of our own welfare, as does every other nation in the world?

ened for decades to produce a hurricane in the South Pacific—meaning the yellow hordes are forever wanting to spill over into Australia and New Zealand.

We doubt that this human tidal wave can forever be prevented, though we wish the Australians and New Zealanders the best of luck.

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Land and the People

Russell Lord in the Saturday Review of Literature.

CHARLES MORROW WILSON writes as a sort of country correspondent who covers the whole United States. "Corn Bread and Creek Water: The Landscape of Rural Poverty" (Henry Holt & Co., New York) is his ninth book.

All of them have been about Americans out from town. As becomes good country correspondence, his style and approach are quietly individual. He has his hates and crochets and does not seem, in the manner of urban reporters, to appear utterly objective and bloodless.

"I have," Wilson testifies, "viewed breadlines, collapsing banks, dying industries, dying trades, waning towns, and once great farming belts now gone hopelessly amiss. I have beheld and experienced niggardly privations; actual hunger in the very heart of the greatest food-raising region of the country."

He tells of a widow with five children, on the road; and how, "late in November, 1938, the mother died of starvation—very near to the geographic center of this Land of Plenty." His panorama of non-urban poverty extends from the Atlantic coast fisheries to the truck farms of the Southwest. He writes with heat and compassion, but under it all is a deeply stirring note of faith.

His faith is in the soil—not as a vast manufacturing plant, but as a place of refuge and abode. His hope is in the rural mind, and in new rural communities he sees developing about such governmental devices as the soil conservation districts.

"The rural mind," he holds, "is possessed of a certain maturity of opinion, a result perhaps of its seasoning in actuality, of knowing life with a tremendous intimacy."

"Corn Bread and Creek Water" is rich in intimate case histories of country people who were poor, but who lived good lives. For one, Molly Rush, who took in washing to raise twin sons, there in Wilson's native parts, the Ozarks.

"Molly aged somewhat before her time and died in her late fifties. During her long life, the town had become equipped with two steam laundries which paid deplorable wages."

"She earned all she got and more. Occasionally she was 'snubbed' and an underground rash of scandal almost cost her membership in a local church. But Molly returned to the church, and she was buried by its ancient and benevolent pastor."

"A quarter from the church choir journeyed over muddy roads, stood in a cold, lighted corner beyond the coffin and sang 'Lead, Kindly Light.' Out under the trees a smoke-blackened iron kettle and a stack of galvanized tins waited. Trees nodded in the first spring wind. Wild cherries lifted their brave young leaves."

"Mr. Wilson is our most gifted country correspondent with a national following. He has written a penetrating and moving book."

From the Manchester Guardian.

IN an article on "English—All Dressed Up," the organ of the Head Masters of Great Britain and Northern Ireland has some pleasant examples of how to make a little English go a long way when done up in the best official manner:

"More precipitation, less acceleration." ("More haste, less speed.")

"Proceed to the due performance of your prescribed task." ("Go to it.")

"You are enjoined not to disseminate reports of indeterminate provenance which have insufficient bases of authenticity and which by repetition tend to acquire a relative inexactitude." ("Don't spread rumors.")

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DOROTHY THOMAS

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Time to Bury

Start Out To

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of the Count

DOROTHY THOMPSON WRITES

"ON THE RECORD"

Time to Bury the Political Hatchet and Start Out Together Again for Progress of the Country as Well as Its Defense.

REGRET that every newspaper in the United States did not publish in full, on its front pages, the speeches made at Carnegie Hall on the night after the election—in a rally to bury hatchets and start out again together.

Raymond Gram Swing, who possesses one of the finest political minds and one of the most magnanimous and courageous spirits in this country, is chairman of the Council for Democracy, which called the meeting, and Mr. Swing's speech belongs among the masterpieces of American public addresses in time of peril.

Stephen Vincent Benet's beautiful speech, as uttered by Raymond Massey, ought to go into school text books.

Honesty, magnanimity, co-operation, a high Americanism, a total lack of rancor, marked every speech from that of Mr. George M. Harrison, representing the railroad brotherhood, to that of Mr. Howard Connelley, representing the National Association of Manufacturers. The spirit of Republicanism that has nothing to fear from the President, and from which the President has nothing to fear, breathed through the addresses of Newbold Morris and of Mr. Landau. The spirit of Democracy from which the Republicans have nothing to fear was expressed in the speech of Mr. Robert Jackson.

If that spirit prevails, we shall conquer our own animosities and, having conquered them, be unconquerable.

MR. LANDON, once Governor of Kansas, a State that this year was Republican, in 1938 candidate for the presidency of the United States, spoke, I am convinced, for a majority of Republicans when he said, over the radio from Topeka:

"As soon as the election is over, Republicans and Democrats will rally in the nation's interests to the support of the President of the United States. This vital and dominant attitude in American political life will not be changed by the bitterness of this campaign. Whoever is elected will be my President for the next four years."

A successful defense program requires the utmost co-operation from all of us. Nothing could be more demoralizing within a nation than a constant campaign of hate. . . . We should permit a wide range of disagreement as to policy, should throttle down all demagogic appeal to emotions, and hold steadfastly to a rational exchange of ideas.

THE President, in his Cleveland speech, said this:

"The progress of our country, as well as the defense of our country, requires national unity. We need the co-operation of every single American—our workers, the great organizers and technicians in our factories, our farmers, our professional men and women, our workers in industry, our youth—all the men, all the women who love this country."

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America just a little bit more than they love themselves."

Is there anyone who does not respond to that? Should we not take the President at his word? I do the President the honor to believe that he means that this passion for America which fills his heart and mine, fills his to certainly no lesser degree. I do him the honor to believe that his intelligence tells him that we cannot do what we positively must do in order to survive, without all the brains, and all the hands, and all the emotional power of affectionate fidelity resident in this great society.

At the extreme right and at the extreme left are Catlines. Yes, they are there. They have no love for this democracy, no faith in this democracy, and they plot its ruin. If we, the vast center, of which they are merely a periphery, stand together, they will perish of manition. They can only draw strength from an unhealed cleavage. But if the cleavage is not healed, they will draw great strength, for they have the consequentiality of fanaticism. They, who know what they are about, which is the task of destruction, will find it easy if the building they would wreck is cracked across.

The youth who emerged for the first time into political life in the Republican campaign, as crusaders against political corruption, who are full of energy and zeal, must not go back to spiritual unemployment. They must not be expected to remain on ice for four years because their side lost. Their zeal was for America, and America is still here, and America needs them in a very constructive way.

The criticism that expended itself violently in this campaign must not be allowed to sour in frustration. It must be given an opportunity for rational expression and constructive action. I mean no oblique or direct thrust at my Republican friends when I spoke of the necessity of synthesis between the realistic spirit of the "right" and the idealistic spirit of the "left." We are all to some extent, realists and idealists, some with more emphasis in one place and some with more in the other. The New Deal must be more realistic and efficient; the Republicans must learn to be more humane.

THERE is absolutely no room left for wounded personal feelings, for irascible egos, for spoiled child attitudes, for lofty withdrawal, or for the crowing spirit of I Told You So. Those of us who were in the thick of this campaign took a lot on the chin, no matter which side we were on. Well, Americans have strong chins, and they will need them in the future that is ahead of us. We had better shake our heads a couple of times to get the cramp out of our necks and then settle them steadily again above our shoulders. The time has come to burn the past—all the angry letters and all the letters filled with fulsome praise as well.

We want neither a continuation of the militant and intransigent spirit that would make Storm Troopers out of the opposition, nor of an attitude that would turn victory into arrogant conquest.

We need to say to the opposition, "Cheer up, you're among friends." And prove it.

For this country is a great country, and a good country, and it is in peril.

(Copyright, 1940.)

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Ballot Counters in County



COUNTING absentee ballots in St. Louis County yesterday in a jury room in the Clayton Court House. From left, PHILIP A. FOLEY, attorney; ARTHUR U. SIMMONS, attorney; E. O. HARPER, automobile dealer, and EMIL A. FUSZNER, S. C. HARVEY and W. H. BERTHOLD, real estate dealers.

Revised Vote for Governor

By the Associated Press.

County, Pts. in Co. Pts. Not From

McDaniel, Donnell

Adair 28 28 4,566 5,782

Andrew 23 23 3,068 4,358

Atchison 19 19 2,802 4,554 Official

Barton 27 27 7,548 9,591

Benton 16 16 3,047 4,088 Official

Bonine 23 23 3,240 3,994

Burke 35 35 4,748 5,887 Official

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DONNELL ELECTED ON THE FACE OF UNOFFICIAL COUNT

Continued From Page One.

Early Gain for McDaniel.

Absentee ballots counted early showed material gains for McDaniel, but later these were largely offset by Donnell gains. So far, the absentee ballot count stands 6041 for McDaniel and 4388 for Donnell, an advantage for McDaniel of 1653. This advantage, however, was met by a similar advantage Donnell had in the correction of errors in the unofficial count.

Democratic party leaders profess to believe that Donnell's big plurality in St. Louis County can be explained only on the ground that there was fraud committed in the election. They had expected McDaniel to prove a very strong candidate both in St. Louis and St. Louis County, but the unofficial returns showed that while McDaniel carried St. Louis by 30,468, Donnell more than offset that lead by carrying St. Louis County by 33,119.

County Closely Watched.

The closeness of Donnell's unofficial lead had spurred Republican and Democratic State chairman, and officials, to activity in almost every county. In Webster County, attorneys General McKittick had assistants watching the count in several counties, while the Republican State Committee had lawyers watching the count in heavily Democratic counties.

These watchers made frequent challenges of absentee ballots, taking advantage of technical errors in affidavits to protest against ballots. In Webster County, arguments between Republican and Democratic watchers resulted in no absentee vote being counted, the ballots being sealed, county officials saying they would leave it to the Legislature to decide the question when it makes its official tabulation early in January.

In Linn County, which has 406 absentee voters, the count has been held up for two days by challenges of the votes, 65 of which have been contested by watchers. While the decisions on these ballots could not materially affect the result on the office of Governor, there are enough absentee ballots in the county to upset the election of State Representative and Prosecuting Attorney in the county, and possibly the re-election of Congressman M. A. Romjue of the First District.

MR. J. C. STETTINUS WAS MARRIED TO J. P. MORGAN'S PARTNER.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8 (AP).—A net estate of \$544,572 was left by Mrs. Judith Carrington Stettinius, widow of Edward R. Stettinius, former J. P. Morgan & Co. partner.

An estate tax appraisal filed yesterday showed the estate of Mrs. Stettinius, who died Dec. 5, 1938, included an \$8350 pearl necklace, Edward R. Stettinius Jr., chairman of the Board of United States Steel until he resigned to join the National Defense Commission, receives one-quarter interest in the residuary estate.

ANDERSON ONE OF 5 NOMINEES TO HEAD EDUCATORS' GROUP

Association of School Administrators to Announce Results of Election Feb. 22.

Superintendent of Instruction Homer W. Anderson has been nominated for the presidency of the American Association of School Administrators. It was announced today in Washington. He is one of five candidates selected by preferential ballot of the membership.

Results of the final election will be announced Feb. 22 at Atlantic City on the opening day of the association's convention. Other candidates are: Nicholas Bauer, school superintendent of New Orleans; Sidney E. Hall, State superintendent of public instruction, Richmond, Va.; Worth McClure, superintendent at Seattle, Wash., and W. Howard Pillsbury, superintendent at Schenectady, N. Y.

The retiring president of the organization is Carroll R. Reed, superintendent of schools in Minneapolis, who was elected at the St. Louis convention of the association in February, 1939. Reed was one of six nominees for superintendent of instruction of the St. Louis public schools, Anderson finally being chosen as the successor to Henry J. Gerling.

W. C. T. U. ASKS U. S. TO BAR LIQUOR FROM MEN IN SERVICE

CHICAGO, Nov. 9 (AP).—The National Woman's Christian Temperance Union asked the Federal Government yesterday to prevent the sale of alcoholic beverages to soldiers and sailors.

The executive officers of the organization, meeting to plan the temperance campaign authorized by the W. C. T. U. convention last summer, asserted they were seeking prohibition "in answer to multiplying requests from women in every corner of the nation."

The statement recommended immediate action in Washington to place liquor beyond the reach of men called up through selective service, and urged the drying up of the military establishment generally and various camp areas as a "moral defense measure."

DE VALERA SAYS IRELAND HAS SAME RIGHT AS U. S. TO PEACE

Tells American Group Forcing Defenseless People Into Air War Would Be Inhuman.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9 (AP).—Prime Minister Eamon de Valera of Ireland told the American Association for the Recognition of the Irish Republic today that his country has a right to keep out of the war "as Americans have, and we shall defend that right to the utmost."

In a cablegram to John J. Reilly, national president of the association, de Valera said:

"To force into this war a people relatively defenseless against air attack would be an inhuman outrage."

PIANIST RUBENSTEIN IS WARMLY RECEIVED

Makes Third Appearance With St. Louis Symphony Orchestra.

By THOMAS B. SHEERMAN

THE prodigious Artur Schnabel appeared as soloist with the St. Louis Symphony Orchestra yesterday afternoon at the Municipal Auditorium, playing the Beethoven G Major piano concerto and the piano obligato in Manuel de Falla's "Nights in the Gardens of Spain." It was Mr. Schnabel's third performance with the orchestra in four years and the enthusiastic reception accorded him by the audience made it quite evident that he had lost none of the capacity for communicating a feeling of excitement to all and sundry.

In his execution of the Beethoven concerto Mr. Schnabel played with a round, brilliant tone and an irreproachable clarity of line and phrasing. He was apparently getting what he wanted out of the piano and what he wanted was highly satisfactory when considering the detail. Nevertheless something of the music's breadth and loftiness of conception was somehow lost.

In the first movement the pauses at the end of each grand division were too much the pauses of finality and the re-entrances were too much in the spirit of an entirely new start. This tended to weaken the consecutive line of thought which holds the movement together. Nor did the wholly inappropriate cadenza by Saint-Saens do anything toward offsetting the tendency toward disunity.

Excellent Support by Orchestra.

The orchestra under Mr. Golschmied played with excellent depth of tone and rhythmic vivacity in supporting the soloist. At one or two points, however, orchestra and soloist were not together.

The performance of the "Nights in the Gardens of Spain" was a joint triumph for soloist and orchestra. Mr. Schnabel played brilliantly and the orchestra surrounded him with an atmosphere rich in color, tonal perspective, and romantic allusions to the Spanish scene.

Equal in importance to the two works already mentioned was the first American presentation of Bela Bartok's "Divertimento for Strings." This arresting music is recognizably modern in its language but the difference between its clear statement of musical thought and much contemporary music is the difference between the "modern" design of the moving picture set and the work of an architect who has both human inspiration and an affectionate understanding of the nature of his materials.

"Divertimento" Skillfully Done.

The forthright, incisive lines of the "Divertimento" were managed with undisputable skill as were the ingenious counterplay of opposing rhythms, spicy harmonies, lively melody and the use of solo instruments in contrast to the body of the strings. At the same time it was much more than an invigorating exercise of musical devices. Like all good music it was warmed with feeling and propelled by the force of ideas, ideas that were apparent in the overall design and discernible in the hidden turn of phrase.

And the roots of these ideas went down to the earth, Bartok's own Hungarian earth, for while there was no direct use of folk tunes, suggestions of the peasant and the Gypsy were always passing by.

The "Divertimento" was divided into three parts, the first movement being lively and tart, the second slow and deep in feeling and the third, unrestrainedly exuberant.

The orchestra under Mr. Golschmied played the work with admirable spirit and precision.

The concert which was opened with the Berlioz "Roman Carnival" overture, will be repeated tonight as usual.

Eugene List, 20-Year-Old American Pianist, in Principia Recital.

The second attraction in the Principia Concert and Lecture Course was Eugene List, 20-year-old American pianist, who gave a recital in Howard Hall last night.

A performer of superior equipment, List sits at his artistic adolescence. In his concert last night he gave many evidences of sensibility, but it was equally evident that his emotions had not matured and that his judgment as to rhythm and accent were not supported by enough study or experience.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET

NEW YORK, Nov. 9 (AP).—Following is a complete list of closing prices of stocks traded today on the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9 (AP).—Rallying vigor returned to the stock market today when buyers stepped in and lifted steel, copper and specialties fractions to 3 points or more, some to new highs for the year.

Moderately higher quotations ruled at the start and the rise required momentum in the final hour. A little profit taking dashed prices here and there at the close but the majority of favorites finished at or near the day's top marks.

Dealings speeded up as the session progressed, with the ticker tape running three minutes behind for a while.

Transfers were 1,099,290 shares. Sales were the largest for Saturday since last May, when stocks were dumped indiscriminately in the wake of Germany's invasion of France.

Brokers attributed the unexpected upward movement to a revival of optimism for the brightening industrial picture, hopes that earnings would be able to surmount climbing taxes and a lessening of tension over the European war.

Many traders who lightened commitments yesterday for the lengthy holiday financial markets will be closed Monday for Armistice day—were said to have reinstated holdings or switched to metals and other selected groups. Scarcity of offerings apparently resulted in a hiking of bids as demand became more urgent.

U. S. Steel, Bethlehem and Crucible were among stocks getting into new high ground for 1940.

Steels were aided by forecasts next week's mill operations might register another upturn despite shutdowns here and there for furnace repairs.

Aluminum of America shot up more than 4 points in the Curly and lesser advances were posted for Bath Iron Works, Bell Aircraft, Gulf Oil, Humble Oil and Todd Shipyards.

PRICE GAINS MARK THE WEEK-END BOND TRADE

NEW YORK, Nov. 9 (AP).—The bond market made a fresh start with higher prices today under leadership of United States Government, rails and utilities.

There was enough profit taking for the protracted week-end reaction, but the keep gains mostly to fractions with a few in minor losses. The session began early or early in last hour.

U. S. Government bonds appeared on the tape but under the leadership of the longer term Treasury issues were up 3-32 to 2-11 1/2.

Corporate rising fractions, a point included Central New England, a Continental Oil 2 1/2, Paulsen 1 1/2, Liberty Stamped 5 1/2, Walworth 4 1/2, Southern Pacific 4 1/2, Northern Pacific 4 1/2 and New York Central 5 1/2.

Australia 4 1/2 moved up more than a point and some of the under the strong dollar loans were narrow and inclined to irregularity.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9 (AP).—Following is a list of closing prices of stocks traded today on the New York Stock Exchange.

U. S. GOVERNMENT BONDS, Treasury.

FOREIGN BONDS.

CORPORATION SHARE EARNINGS IN DOLLARS AND COMPARISONS

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9 (AP).—The Federal Reserve Board estimated today that department store sales in the week ended Nov. 2 were 5 per cent less in the corresponding week last year.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9 (AP).—The National Lumber Manufacturers Association reported that lumber production for the week ended Nov. 2 was 10 per cent less than the corresponding week last year.

NEW YORK CURB MARKET

NEW YORK, Nov. 9 (AP).—Following is a complete list of closing prices of stocks traded today on the New York Curb Exchange.

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TODAY'S NEW YORK STOCK MARKET

(Closing prices published daily in Final, Final* and Night Sport Special Editions)

NEW YORK, Nov. 9 (AP).—Following is a complete list of closing prices of stocks traded today on the New York Stock Exchange.

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ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

(Closing prices published daily in Final, Final* and Night Sport Special Editions)

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 9 (AP).—Following is a complete list of closing prices of stocks traded today on the St. Louis Stock Exchange.

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WHEAT CLOSING HIGHER

(Closing prices published daily in Final, Final* and Night Sport Special Editions)

CHICAGO, Nov. 9 (AP).—Rising about a cent at 11:10 a.m. wheat prices today extended the sharp advance which has been under way since Thursday, establishing the highest quotations on board of Trade Board since last May.

Buying inspired by renewed strength of securities and reports of expanding milling and baking trade activity in some of the country added to the upward pressure of the market's support. Offsetting this, however, were profit taking sales, which caused quotations to dip sharply.

Wheat closed at 4 1/2 cents higher, at 4 1/2 cents, with a high of 4 1/2 cents and a low of 4 1/2 cents.

Wheat—No. 1 red winter wheat 92 1/2c; No. 2 yellow corn 63 1/2c; No. 3 yellow corn 63 1/2c; No. 4 yellow corn 63 1/2c; No. 5 yellow corn 63 1/2c; No. 6 yellow corn 63 1/2c; No. 7 yellow corn 63 1/2c; No. 8 yellow corn 63 1/2c; No. 9 yellow corn 63 1/2c; No. 10 yellow corn 63 1/2c; No. 11 yellow corn 63 1/2c; No. 12 yellow corn 63 1/2c; No. 13 yellow corn 63 1/2c; No. 14 yellow corn 63 1/2c; No. 15 yellow corn 63 1/2c; No. 16 yellow corn 63 1/2c; No. 17 yellow corn 63 1/2c; No. 18 yellow corn 63 1/2c; No. 19 yellow corn 63 1/2c; No. 20 yellow corn 63 1/2c; No. 21 yellow corn 63 1/2c; No. 22 yellow corn 63 1/2c; No. 23 yellow corn 63 1/2c; No. 24 yellow corn 63 1/2c; No. 25 yellow corn 63 1/2c; No. 26 yellow corn 63 1/2c; No. 27 yellow corn 63 1/2c; No. 28 yellow corn 63 1/2c; No. 29 yellow corn 63 1/2c; No. 30 yellow corn 63 1/2c; No. 31 yellow corn 63 1/2c; No. 32 yellow corn 63 1/2c; No. 33 yellow corn 63 1/2c; No. 34 yellow corn 63 1/2c; No. 35 yellow corn 63 1/2c; No. 36 yellow corn 63 1/2c; 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St. Louis U. Pass Attack Fails and Creighton Wins, 14 to 0

Only Four Completed By the Billikens for Net Gain of 24 Yards

By James M. Gould

In the financial world, when assets turn into liabilities, the going gets pretty tough. It's the same in football, and because of such a turnover, the St. Louis University Billikens today were mourning the loss of their second Valley game in three starts. And the Creighton U. Bluejays from Omaha were rejoicing in a 14-0 decision gained last night before 7373 persons at Walsh Stadium. It was their first conference triumph in three chances.

All season, forward passes have been among the greatest Billiken assets. But not last night. Let's look at the record. The St. Louis team, Ausieker and Weber pitching, threw 20 passes, 16 of them in the second and fourth quarters. Of these, exactly four were completed for 24 yards. One was intercepted and turned into Creighton's second touchdown. On the other hand, in the only Bluejay sustained attack which came in the opening period, the Billikens appeared defensively helpless and Creighton set up a touchdown, made on the second play in the second quarter, by completing five of eight passes for a 62-yard total. As it happened, the Jays didn't complete another pass all evening.

Some Good and Bad Points.

There were some good points and some bad for the Parents' day crowd to watch. The offensive play of Mel Ausieker and his kicking—once he punted out of bounds on the one-yard line and once on the two—were outstanding, as was the defensive performance of Ray Schmisser until the clever guard was put out of play by a face injury late in the third quarter.

For Creighton, Knoll, a great runner and passer, and Fleming, a fine runner and kicker, took chief honors with Krejci, tackle, and his ends, Hartzell and Pease brilliant in stopping Billiken plays and general alertness.

The big bad spot in the Billiken play was the lack of effective rushing of the enemy passer. Knoll was almost leisurely in getting his tosses away.

A parade of 80 yards to the Billiken goal line resulted in the first Creighton score. After Creighton had taken the ball on its own 20-yard line following an end-zone kick, a penalty moved them up to their own 25-yard mark. Then Knoll opened up with passes. The first was incomplete, but five successful ones followed for 7, 15, 17, 14 and 9 yards in that order, and when the first period ended, the Bluejays had the ball, third down and two yards to go on the Billikens' two-yard stripe. The first play in the second period was stopped, but on the second Reilly plunged over. Krejci place-kicked the extra point.

Billikens Score Nullified.

Chief action in the second period, during which play was about even, came when Ausieker's long pass was caught by Osterholt over the goal line, but, unfortunately, out of the end zone, the point of catch nullifying what many of the spectators thought was a St. Louis touchdown.

In the third period, a scoreless one, a penalty erased a Creighton score. Knoll broke through the St. Louis line for 65 yards and crossed the line, but Fleming had been discovered clipping Rafalko, and when the referee's call, the Bluejays were penalized 30 yards for the two infractions of the rule. The last score came in the final period. After Krejci had failed on a field-goal attempt from the Billikens' 25-yard line, St. Louis took over on its own 20-yard mark. A pass was complete but actually gained nothing and then another was intercepted by the speedy Fleming, who ran 45 yards to the touchdown. Krejci again converted and the game ended shortly thereafter.

NOTES OF THE GAME.

In attendance were 1800 soldiers from Jefferson Barracks, guests of St. Louis University.

The Billikens face another tough assignment next week. They play the Oklahoma Aggies at Stillwater. The Aggies defeated Creighton, 20-14.

A third touchdown was declared null and void during the game. The play came when a Creighton back fumbled and a Billiken recovered before the ball touched the ground. Away went Derroncourt from the Creighton 25-yard line, but the whistle had blown before the fumble.

It was Creighton's first victory over the Billikens since 1933. The Billikens have won six of the 11 games played by the two schools.

South Names 11 for Blue-Gray Contest

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Nov. 9 (AP).—Selection of the first 11 of the 22 football stars to uphold Dixie's hope of victory in the third annual North-South football game here Dec. 23 is announced by the Dixie and Gray Association. The players are:

Duke's Jay Davis, fullback, and Alex Winterstein, tackle, both Mississippi State; Russell Cotton, back, captain of the Texas School of Mines; George Kinard, guard and captain, University of Mississippi; Dick McGowan, back and captain, Auburn; Hal Newman, back and captain, University of Alabama; Jim (Sweet) Lelanne, back; Fritz Kimball, tackle and co-captain, and Paul Severin, end and co-captain, North Carolina.

LINEUPS AND SUMMARY

CREIGHTON, Pos. ST. LOUIS U.
Hartzell, L.E. Osterholt
Krejci, L.T. Zimmer
Peterson, C. Schmisser
Donnelinger, C. Donohoo
McGillivray, C. Carlsen
Pease, R.E. Bartlett
Knoll, R.H. Wagner
Fleming, Q.B. Rafalko
Yousell, R.H. Ausieker
Score by quarters:
St. Louis U., 0 7 0 7—14
Creighton, 0 0 0 0—0
Scoring: Creighton—Touchdowns, Reilly, 14; field goal, Krejci, 3. (place-
ment), Krejci 2.
First downs—Creighton 13, St. Louis U. 1.
Passes attempted—Creighton 12, St. Louis U. 20.
Passes completed—Creighton 5, for 62 yards; St. Louis U., 4, for 24 yards.
Penalties—Creighton, 6 for 50 yards; St. Louis U., 3 for 15 yards.
Yards gained from scrimmage: Creighton 166, St. Louis U. 108.
Substitutions—Creighton—Mullin, Fitzgerald, Veltek, Boyle, Butts, Gorman, Leonard, St. Louis U.—Weber, Renning, Sauts, Baker, Sexton, Pugh, Derroncourt, Radosevich, Barron, Galt, Quint.
Officials: Referee, J. J. Walcott (Missouri); Line-men, Walcott (Missouri); Line-men, Walcott (Missouri); Field judge, Henry Kenyon.

NOTRE DAME SCORES ON LONG FORWARD

Continued From Page One.

ed a personal offensive. Around ends, slicing off the tackles and knifing through the line, he advanced the ball to the Notre Dame 35-yard line before a 15-yard holding penalty checked the advance, and then Gebert sneaked through center on a fake reverse to the Irish seven-yard line.

Notre Dame was unable to penetrate the big Navy line and Saggar's punt was returned 19 yards by Gebert to the Navy 49-yard line. Werner took three shots at the line and emerged with a first down on the Notre Dame 41-yard line, and a pass, Werner to Zoeller, carried the ball to the 26-yard line. A line play picked up three yards, and then Gebert sneaked through center on a fake reverse to the Irish seven-yard line.

The Irish dug in and took the ball on downs on their nine-yard line, but on the next play Pappas fumbled and Werner recovered for Navy on the Notre Dame 13-yard line. Again the Navy offense faltered, and after Boothe had been nipped far back on a third-down try to pass, Leonard dropped back to the 22-yard line and tried a place-kick, which was low. Notre Dame was driving from deep in its own territory as the half ended with the score: Notre Dame 6, Navy 0.

THIRD QUARTER.

Notre Dame started its second team, which could get nowhere after receiving the Navy kickoff on the Notre-Dame 24-yard line. Evans punted out of bounds on the Navy 32-yard line. Busik and Cameron rammed for a first down on the 43-yard line. Busik-Froude pass was completed to the Notre Dame 41-yard line, but the Middles were offside, and Busik's next toss was intercepted by Evans and returned to the Navy 46-yard line.

The Middles piled up three straight running plays and Evans punted outside on the Navy one-yard line. The Irish first team immediately was rushed into action, but Busik got away a beautiful 65-yard punt which rolled dead on the Notre Dame 34-yard line to put Navy temporarily out of danger. After Pappas' 11 yards try to pass, Saggar punted to Busik, who returned eight yards to the Navy 43-yard line.

Line plays and a 14-yard pass Busik to Froude, carried Navy to the Notre Dame 36-yard line before the attack stalled and Busik punted out of bounds on the Irish six-yard line. Busik returned Saggar's punt 10 yards to the Notre Dame 43-yard line, but again the drive was stymied and Busik punted outside on the Irish 14-yard line. Saggar's quick-kick went out on the Notre Dame 41-yard line, and a promising Navy drive was halted on the last play of the period when Busik fumbled and O'Brien recovered for Notre Dame on the Irish 25-yard line. Score, Notre Dame 6, Navy 0.

FOURTH QUARTER.

The Irish running attack again was piled up, and Gebert returned the Irish punt 14 yards to the Navy 39-yard line, where the Middles started a smashing drive. A pass, Gebert to Wangaard, carried to the Irish 46-yard line, and Werner and Gebert punted at the line for steady gains, until the Middles and a first down on the Notre Dame eight-yard line. Again the Navy attack wasn't up to the job, and a fourth-down end sweep by Gebert found him a yard short of the goal, and it was Notre Dame's ball.

Gebert returned the Irish punt 11 yards to the Notre Dame 30-yard line. A pass failed, but on the next play Gebert faked a pass and picked his way down the field for 30 yards and a touchdown. Bob Leonard was called in to try for the extra point. He made good the place kick, and the Navy led, 7 to 6.

NED BRANT AT CARTER—By Bob Zupple



OUTDOORS Madison Finally A Winner

Quail Tomorrow.

THE Missouri season on bobwhite quail opens tomorrow and will extend through Dec. 31. Pre-season reports indicate that the quail crop is better than last year throughout the State. The only weakened area is that of northwestern Missouri which was severely affected by the heavy snow and ice storms of last January.

For many years quail shooting has been the Missouri hunter's ace in the hole. Until 20 years ago, Missouri was one of the leading quail hunting states for upland shooting. There followed a period when the call of the bobwhite became almost silent. Through careful conservation methods including the planting of food and shelter growths as well as the distribution of young quail, the quail crop is again approaching normalcy.

The daily limit on quail is 10 with a possession limit of 15.

Dog Genealogy.

DOG owners will be happy to learn of the "Dog Year Book of 1941," being published by Elling F. Warner and Arthur E. Patterson. The book will fill a much wanted record system for the dog world, tracing back winners of bench and field in all of the major events for a period of years.

Patterson is dog-editor for a New York newspaper as well as contributor to several magazines, while Warner is publisher of Field and Stream.

Short Shots.

THE season's schedule for the Metropolitan Rifle League has been completed for the 15 teams which will compete from now until March 1. . . . E. L. King, secretary of the American Rod and Gun Club, Granite City, Ill., says the all-day shoot today at the field located three-fourths of a mile north of Nameeki on Highway 66 and 67. Here affords a chance to get that Thanksgiving fowl. . . . The Mineral Area Field Trial Association will hold its annual banquet at Bonne Terre, Mo., tonight; awards will be made to owners of winning dogs of the recent field trials. . . . The next regular meeting of the Wildlife Conservation Organization of Missouri will be held Wednesday, Nov. 13, at Albrecht's Hall, 3547 Antennia.

With nomination of 1941 officers, election in December. . . . There are more than 5,000,000 big game animals in the U. S., according to the Department of Interior. Three and a half million white-tails keep that specie of deer in the lead.

Minnesota Scores On 80-Yard Run by Halfback Smith

Continued From Page One.

A five-yard penalty added to the Gophers' trouble, which was increased when Frutik blocked Frutik and Michigan took over on the Gopher three-yard line. Harmon made one yard and Westfall took four, following which Pfaffrath intercepted Harmon's pass in the end zone for a touchdown, with Gophers putting the ball in play on their 20-yard line. On the first play, Smith, by a beautiful piece of running, went through left tackle for 80 yards and a touchdown. Mernik placekicked the extra point. Score: Michigan 6, Minnesota 7.

A poor kickoff gave Michigan possession on its 35-yard line, but the Wolverines couldn't get their offensive working and punted to Franck, who fumbled on the Minnesota 30-yard line and Mernik recovered for the Gophers on the 35-yard line. An exchange of punts followed, with Michigan back on its own 21-yard line as the half ended. Score: Michigan 6, Minnesota 7.

Rene Chouteau on Ferris' Swim Team

Rene Chouteau, 19-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Henri Chouteau, 26 Vandeventer place, was given honor mention on Daniel J. Ferris' 1940 All-America swimming teams, it was announced yesterday. Chouteau is a junior at Yale University and holds several local records in middle-distance events as well as river marathons.

Chouteau was given honorable mention for the 880-yard free-style, in which he placed fourth in the national championships. He also was placed on the long-distance team.

Celebrations were in order in Madison, Ill., today. And there was good reason. The Madison High School football eleven, dormat of the Southwestern Illinois Conference, without a victory since 1936, broke into the winning column by defeating Wood River, 7 to 6, in a game last night.

Andy Conovich and Bob Dant were the heroes. It was Conovich who threw a 13-yard forward pass to Dant for a touchdown in the final period and it was Conovich who plunged over for the important point after touchdown to give his team victory. Fullback Vinograd tallied for the Oilers in the second period.

Edwardsville held its first-place lead over East St. Louis by drubbing Granite City, 32-0, while the East Siders won from Alton, 25-6. In another league game, Belleville trimmed Collinsville, 13-0.

The standings:

Team	W	L	T
Edwardsville	4	0	1
Alton	3	2	0
Granite City	3	2	0
Wood River	2	4	0
Marquette	1	5	0
Madison	1	5	0

Marquette of Alton scored its second victory in the Catholic League, defeating Cathedral of Belleville, 19-0, to move into a first place tie with Chalmers.

Normandy tallied in the first and third periods to take a 13-6 decision over Maplewood, while John Burroughs routed Wellston, 25-6. Fred Ausieker was the Normandy star.

He scored one of the touchdowns, forward pass to the other end, kicked one point after touchdown. University City went to Quincy, Ill., and took it on the chin, 27 to 13, at the hands of Quincy High School. Duke Curran was the whole show. He reeled off two 53-yard touchdowns runs, while another 46 yards and a four-yard plunge gave him his third touchdown. Then he tossed a 30-yard pass to Shoopman for a score and kicked three points after touchdown.

Landis conducted it. . . . Properly perhaps, he doesn't want to have to act in a similar capacity again.

Football Scores

FRIDAY'S GAMES.

Creighton 14, St. Louis U. 0.
Bourbon 25, Wellston 6.
Barnard 19, Schuster 6.
Belleville 13, Collinsville 0.
Wood River 6, Marquette 13.
East St. Louis 25, Alton 6.
Edwardsville 32, Granite City 0.
Marquette 13, Quincy 27.
Quincy 27, University City 13.

Marshall 67, Detroit Tech 0.
Albion 7, Dickinson 0.
Easton (W. Va.) State 18, Fairmont State 6.

Chester (Pa.) Teachers 18, Lock Haven Teachers 0.
Ithaca College 39, Clarion (Pa.) Teachers 0.
Princeton 7, V. 14, Pennsylvania J. V. 6.
Yale 150-Pennsylvania 100.
Villanova 150-14, Rutgers 150-6.

Rollins 7, Miami 0.
Tampa 65, St. Petersburg 0.
Georgetown (Ky.) College 27, Union (Ky.) 7.
Catawba 13, Elon 0.

Lenoir-Rhyne 13, Appalachian 9.
Knox 19, Belmont 7.
Tennessee Wesleyan 6, South Georgia 0.
Spring Hill 16, Millsaps 0.
Kennesaw 150, Knoxville 7.
Georgia Teachers College 14, Middle Georgia 234.
Southwestern Louisiana 18, Delta (Miss.) Teachers 7.
Morris Brown 25, Xavier of New Orleans 0.

HEIDEL FALLOE.
Richard Boole 246, Richard Bostic 635.
Charles Hammon 233, Fred Traft 632.
FLORENCE-PETERSON ALLEYS.
Friday Night League.
A. Simpson 222, G. Fink 614.
W. Hofer 245, T. Munaviller 901.

GAMBRINUS HALL.
United Auto Workers of America, 245, T. Munaviller 901.

COMMUNITY ALLEYS.
Fisher Body League.
Fred Mann 232, Fred Mann 619.
FEUSER'S DEL-MAR RECREATION.
Full House League.
Minnie Platte 150, Minnie Platte 470.
Woodward & Tiernan Printing Co. 244, Larry Higgins 284.
Edna Butler 187, Edna Butler 439.

REVO ALLEYS.
Knapp-Monarch League.
E. Wylder 210, C. Richardson 632.
Friday Night Handicap.
B. Puff 210, A. H. H. 632.

TRUCKERS' LEAGUE.
W. H. Eilers 196.
W. H. Eilers 196.
W. H. Eilers 196.

WELLSVILLE ALLEYS.
Greater St. Louis Handicap.
Bill Westphal 228, Chuck Klein 584.
Edna Butler 187, Edna Butler 439.

GRAND ALLEYS.
Saratoga Ladies' League.
Modell Gregory 200, Modell Gregory 479.
F. Mataya 243, F. Mataya 641.

BRADERS BOWLING GRAND.
Loo Fox 216, Loo Fox 548.
Edward Winder 221, Edward Winder 599.

FOREIGN ELEMENT.
All the leading flyweights are foreigners. The champion, Little Dado, is from the Philippines. Contenders are Jackie Patterson, England; Little Pancho, Philippines; and Enrico Urbanetti, Italy.

Mixing Racing And Baseball.

COMMISSIONER LANDIS, news stories suggest, is forcing the disposal of the Boston Bees and refusing the proposed new deal for financing the club on the ground that racing and baseball don't mix.

It is hinted that he is easing C. F. Adams out of present connection with the club because of his connection with the Suffolk Downs race track. . . . Adams is president of Suffolk Downs and controls 74 per cent of the Bees' stock. He is a holdover from the days of President Fuchs.

A couple of interested purchasers were found. . . . But apparently the talent of the horse owned by Adams was as strong as in the old. . . . Bing Crosby, radio star and head of the Delmar race track in California, was one of the capitalists. . . . Landis is supposed to have objected to Bing on horary grounds.

It wasn't always that way in the baseball world. . . . The late President Navin of the Tigers owned and operated a string of racers.

Still earlier in the days of baseball, John McGraw and his boss, Charles Stoneham, were not only interested in racing properties, they were directly connected with race-horse gambling. . . . Stoneham and McGraw were associated at one time in the Oriental Park (Havana) race track and Casino.

And McGraw was a pretty consistent bettor, too.

It reminds us that Rogers Hornsby likes his horses. . . . Also he's on the fringe of major-league baseball society, perhaps because of it. . . . This never got him into a scandal as did several baseball players and one manager of high repute. . . . That scandal went even to the point of an investigation.

Landis conducted it. . . . Properly perhaps, he doesn't want to have to act in a similar capacity again.

One reserved seat for the opening game, two holidays and seven night games, \$16.50.

One box seat for the opening game, two holidays and seven night games, \$22.

One reserved seat for the opening game, two holidays, seven night games and 12 Sundays, \$36.30.

One box seat for the opening game, two holidays, seven night games and 12 Sundays for \$48.40.

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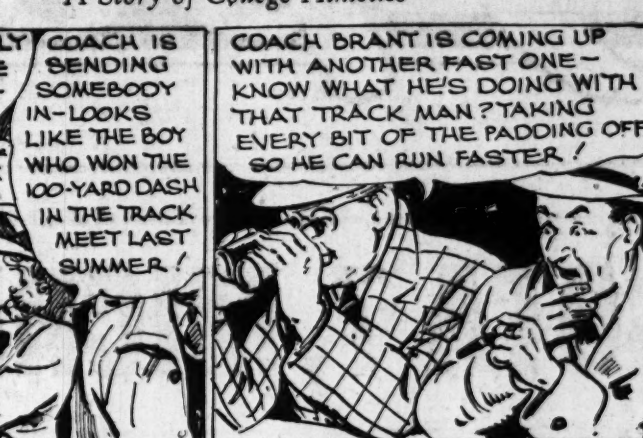
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A Story of College Athletics



Multiple-Owner Idea Again Folds Up.

THAT multiple-owner idea as applied to baseball has folded up again. . . . As a result "Joshing Joe" Engel, business head of the Chattanooga baseball club for three seasons, is back with the Washington Senators as a scout. . . . Also the Chattanooga club is back with Washington, by reason of an unpaid \$40,000 mortgage.

In 1933 some 1700 fans invested in Chattanooga stock. . . . Engel himself put fifty grand into the \$120,000 venture. . . . It was to be the fans' team. . . . And Joe envisioned at least 1700 paid and cheering customers at every game. . . . But although Joe turned the ball park into an arena, putting on wild elephant hunts and booster parties of various sorts, the citizens stayed away in large numbers. . . . The Fans' Club was a flop.

Most fan-owned clubs have been. . . . Right here in St. Louis back in the days of J. C. Jones and the original Knott-Knot Gang, they tried to make a fans' club of the Cardinals. . . . But the fans faded out with the ball club and most of the stock turned up in possession of Sam Breadon.

In Brooklyn they once upon a time tried to make the capital stock among the common people. . . . They did a fair job of it. But it didn't help the club very much.

It has been pretty generally established that close ownership of a ball club results in much better teams than civic enterprise can produce.

Washington—Schwenk failed a pass, tried to run and lost yards as the quarter ended. Score, V. M. I., 20, Washington 6.

Washington—Lindow was ganged on a reverse and lost the yard. The line was too stout to let Lindow pass. . . . Lindow fumbled and recovered, lost four yards. Lutz kicked to Shelby for a first down on the V. M. I. yard line. Schwenk's pass was intercepted by Catlett, who returned to his 35-yard mark.

V. M. I.—Pritchard was thrown for a loss of three yards, and then on a second thrust, Pritchard kicked out of bounds on the 46-yard mark.

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Washington—Schwenk failed a pass, tried to run and lost yards as the quarter ended. Score, V. M. I., 20, Washington 6.

Washington—Lindow was ganged on a reverse and lost the yard. The line was too stout to let Lindow pass

Muha Scores Twice Against the Bears Continued From Page One

Kowalski kicked out of bounds on the eight-yard line.

V. M. L. Catlett made several yards off tackle. Catlett kicked on the play. Huetz was injured on the play. Huetz replaced Catlett on the eight-yard line.

WASHINGTON—Schwenk's pass was intercepted by Muha, who returned it to the 41-yard line.

V. M. L.—The Cadets were penalized five yards for offside. Muha crashed through for offside. Muha first down on the Bears' 49-yard line. Muha was stopped on a reverse. Turley tackled Muha for loss of a yard. Shelby found a hole and reached the Bear 26-yard line before Frost stopped him. That was excellent interference on the line. Catlett made a first down on the 16-yard line. Shelby on a delayed thrust at the left side of the Bear line, went through without a Washington player touching him. On the Cadets' third throw down, Catlett's kick was good and the Cadets led, 20 to 6.

Muha kicked off to Hefelinger, who returned to the 37-yard line.

WASHINGTON—Schwenk passed to Pufalt for a five-yard gain. Pufalt fumbled and recovered, losing four yards. Lutz kicked to Shelby, who returned to the 32-yard line.

V. M. L.—Schwenk made two yards around end. Catlett added two yards. Muha was stopped after a yard and Muha kicked to Lindow, who returned to the 25-yard line.

WASHINGTON—Lindow was ganged on a reverse and lost three yards. The line was too stout for Schwenk. Lindow, on a reverse from Lindow, ran around his left side for a first down on the V. M. L. 44-yard line. Schwenk's pass was intercepted by Catlett, who returned to his 35-yard mark.

V. M. L.—Pritchard was thrown for a loss of three yards, and Pritchard was stopped on a reverse. Pritchard kicked out of bounds on the Bears' 49-yard line.

WASHINGTON—Schwenk faked a pass, tried to run and lost five yards as the quarter ended. Score, V. M. L. 20, Washington 6.

High Schools to Vote on Changes in State Rules

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 8 (AP).—The Missouri High School Athletic Association in annual meeting yesterday decided to submit proposed amendments to the Constitution to a mail ballot to the membership.

The proposals include eligibility rules changes including reduction of the age limit for high school athletes from 21 to 20; provision for ninth semester competition in boys less than 19, and require the athlete to pass three subjects doubling the dues for each member school to raise enough money to employ a full time salaried secretary and the waiving of eligibility rules for high school boys serving voluntarily in the armed forces.

It was decided also to include referendum ballot to determine whether members wished to continue separating basketball competition into two classes, "A" and "B." Two separate State tournaments are held under this system. If a change is made, only one would be held.

Floyd Staiton, Appleton City, Mo., was elected president of the association; H. R. Dieterich, Maryville, Mo., president-elect, and Carl B. Staiton, re-elected secretary-treasurer.

The ballots on the amendments and the referendum will be mailed to the member schools the middle of the month. Returns are expected around Dec. 1.

Flourish

FLORISTS

FLORISTS—Flowers for all occasions. 1000 N. 1st St. Phone MU. 0946. Reward.

COCKERS—Lacy, black, brown, and white. 400 1/2 N. 1st St. Phone MU. 0946. Reward.

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Deaths

ROHANE, KATH (nee Wehner)—71½ years old, died Nov. 7, 1940, at her home, 1400 S. 1st St., St. Louis. Buried at St. Louis. Funeral home, 1400 S. 1st St., St. Louis.

CEKA, ANTON J.—71 years old, died Nov. 7, 1940, at his home, 1400 S. 1st St., St. Louis. Buried at St. Louis. Funeral home, 1400 S. 1st St., St. Louis.

CHAMBERLIN, CHARLES EARL—70 years old, died Nov. 7, 1940, at his home, 1400 S. 1st St., St. Louis. Buried at St. Louis. Funeral home, 1400 S. 1st St., St. Louis.

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Lost and Found

LOST—A black and white dog, 1000 S. 1st St. Phone MU. 0946. Reward.

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Coal and Coke

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Help Wanted—Men, Girls

HELP WANTED—MEN, GIRLS

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Business Directory

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BRITISH PLANES BOMB TURIN AND CITY IN SARDINIA

Italy Says Bombs Fell Near
3 Hospitals and Killed 9
Persons in House—Start-
ed Fires.

ROME, Nov. 9 (AP).—British planes bombed Turin in northern Italy and Cagliari in Sardinia last night, the Italian high command announced today. Ten persons were reported killed and several injured.

The communiqué said: "During an enemy air raid on Turin, bombs fell near a maternity hospital, San Luigi Sanatorium, a military hospital, and barracks, killing one person, injuring some and causing damage. A bomb hit a house between Moncalieri and Cambiano, killing nine persons and injuring several. A few small fires were put out quickly.

"An enemy air raid on Cagliari caused neither casualties nor damage."

The Rome newspaper Il Giornale d'Italia announced that a "tremendous air bombardment of England and its allies" would be launched as an immediate reprisal for the killing of civilians in British air raids on Italy.

The Italian air report on the positions of the English and their allies (which include Greece) will be quick and really formidable," the paper asserted.

Il Lavoro Fascista said "English and pro-English peoples including Greeks and Levantines" were among those on whom the reprisals would be made.

(The Levant is the Eastern Mediterranean and the coasts of Syria, Asia Minor and Egypt.)

BRITAIN BARS CHRISTMAS TOYS FROM U. S. ON ITS VESSELS

NEW YORK, Nov. 9 (AP).—Plans of toy industry executives to send a large shipment of toys to British children as Christmas gifts were abandoned yesterday after the British Ministry of Shipping decided cargo space in English vessels was too valuable for such a purpose.

Undaunted, the committee is working on a plan now for a toy exhibition at which refugee children will be invited to select one toy each for mailing to a friend in the war zone.

The Ministry of Shipping's ruling, they decided, had no bearing on toys sent through the mails by private individuals.

MUSICAL
INSTRUMENTS FOR SALE
PIANO—Beautiful small model, as new; owner transfers low payment to keep up. Box B-111, Post-Dispatch.

SPINETS—\$125; cost \$300; like new; upright \$10, Kempter, 2356 S. Main.

RADIO
PHILCO, RCA, ZENITH, NEW 1940 CONSOLE COMBINATIONS; 40 to 60 PCT. OFF. DEALER, 5209 S. GRAND, RL2250

Rules and Regulations
The Post-Dispatch reserves the right to classify ads under appropriate headings.

The Post-Dispatch reserves the right to revise or reject advertisements or to return answers to any number of advertisements. If this right is exercised, the amount paid for the advertisement will be refunded to the advertiser.

It is agreed that the liability of the Publisher Publishing Company in the event of failure to publish an advertisement for any reason, or in the event that errors occur in the publication of an advertisement, shall be limited to the amount paid by the advertiser.

Phone MAIN 1111
Ask for an Adtaker

Crossword Puzzle

ACROSS
1. Aeriform fluid
2. Seed covering
3. Let it stand
4. Cereal grass
5. List
6. Wreath
7. bearing a knight's crest
8. Part of a curve
9. Encourage
10. Guiding strap of a harness
11. Disease common in the Orient
12. Interpret
13. Greek letters
14. Small room
15. Carrier
16. Colloquial
17. Muhammadan religious teacher

DOWN
1. South African plant
2. Constellation
3. Cut thin
4. Negative
5. Save
6. Icelandic tale
7. Suffert
8. Pintail ducks
9. Hindler
10. Process by which a curve
11. Agitate
12. Jewish month
13. Short arias
14. Fish of the cod
15. Periodic movement of the family
16. Ancient wine vessel
17. Ready to receive
18. Customers
19. Chilled
20. Range of knowledge
21. Existed

Actress Here



MISS MARY BETH HUGHES
HOLLYWOOD film actress and a native of Alton, Ill., who arrived yesterday to visit her grandmother, Mrs. Flora M. Lucas, 6151 Waterman avenue, for several days. Miss Hughes appeared in "The Great Profile" opposite John Barrymore.

NELSON ROCKEFELLER TENTH ON HIS DRAFT BOARD'S LIST

Questionnaire Mailed to U. S. Coordinator of Relations Among American Republics.

NORTH TARRYTOWN, N. Y., Nov. 9 (AP).—Local draft board 746 has mailed questionnaires to the first 50 registrants on its list and No. 10 went to Nelson A. Rockefeller.

The son of John D. Rockefeller Jr. is President Roosevelt's coordinator of commercial and cultural relations among American republics. He is married.

Movie Time
AMBASSADOR

"The Mark of Zorro," starring Tyrone Power with Linda Darnell, at 12:24, 3:38, 6:52 and 10:06; "Too Many Girls," featuring Lucille Ball, Richard Langford and Ann Miller, at 10:56, 2:10, 5:24 and 8:38.

FOX
"A Dispatch From Reuters," starring Edward G. Robinson with Edna Best, at 12:23, 3:58 and 7:43; "Blondie Plays Cupid," featuring Penny Singleton and Arthur Lake, at 11:15, 2:50, 6:35 and 10:15; stage show, featuring Donald Novis, at 2, 5:35 and 9:25.

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"The Great Dictator," starring Charlie Chaplin with Paulette Goddard and Jack Oakie, at 10:44, 1:28, 4:12, 6:56 and 9:40.

MISSOURI
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MARTIN OPPOSES ADJOURNING WHILE IN 'EMERGENCY'

House G.O.P. Leader Says
He Will Fight Any Move
Such as Democrats Discuss.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9 (AP).—Representative Martin of Massachusetts, House Republican leader, said today that he would oppose adjournment of Congress "as long as there is an emergency."

Martin and some other Republican leaders have insisted since early last summer that Congress remain in session.

Since the election, Democratic leaders have discussed the possibility of adjourning, possibly next week.

Leaders Said to Be Working to Keep Willie Clubs Active.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9 (AP).—Leaders of the Willie-for-President clubs are reported working to keep the organizations going, but pending word from the Republican standard bearer, they did not know what role they might play during the next four years.

Wendell L. Willkie has been advised of the clubs' continued activity, his associates said last night, and has not expressed any opinion on the situation.

Willkie conferred yesterday with Senator Robert A. Taft (Rep., Ohio, Samuel P. Pryor Jr., Republican campaign manager for the East, and other party leaders. Pryor was reported authoritatively to have told Willkie that a business pickup created by the defense program had played a part in President Roosevelt's victory.

AMUSEMENTS
ICE FOLLIES of 1941

Direct from Hollywood
LAST TIME
TONITE, 8:30
ARENA
25 ACTS
65 STARS
36 BEAUTIES
All seats reserved, \$1.25, \$1.75; Box & Rail Seats, \$2.25

AMERICAN
LAST TWO TIMES
TONITE, 8:30-9:00, \$1.12, \$1.68, \$2.24
MAT. TODAY, 2:30-3:00, \$1.12, \$1.68, \$2.24
Good Seats for Reservations Today
SAM. HARRIS Presents, the Most Hot and Hot Performance
"THE MAN WHO CAME TO DINNER"
CLIFTON WEBB

MUNICIPAL AUDITORIUM
TONIGHT AT 8:30
SAINT LOUIS
Symphony Orchestra
VLADIMIR GOLDSCHMANN, Conductor
ARTUR RUBINSTEIN
PHENOMENAL PIANIST
Tickets, Mat. 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50. Eve., \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50. At Symphony Box Office (Auditorium) and Arcadian Co.

ICE HOCKEY
TICKETS NOW ON SALE
Reserved Seats at All Prices
Make Your Reservations Today
ARENA, Sterling 2500
Liggett's, 7th & Washington, GA, 2926
Season Opens, Sun, Nov. 10, 8:30 P. M.
FLYERS vs. KANSAS CITY
Auto tickets available at your neighborhood Standard and Shell Service Stations.

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ITALIANS REPORT ROUTING BRITISH UNITS IN AFRICA

Also Say That in Air Fight
Over Mediterranean Eng-
lish Plane Was Downed
Two Damaged.

ROME, Nov. 9 (AP).—The Italian high command communique today said that during a reconnaissance flight in the central Mediterranean "our planes engaged in a fight with enemy pursuit planes, shot down one enemy plane, and seriously damaged two others."

"In North Africa," the communique went on, "enemy mechanized units were put to flight by our advance units."

"The enemy air force bombed Tobruk, injuring one person and causing slight damage, and the residential section of Derna, where nine were killed and 26 wounded and slight damage was caused."

"In East Africa a raid by the enemy's fighter planes was driven off and one British plane was shot down."

SLEET STORM HALTS 300 CARS
RICHFIELD SPRINGS, N. Y., Nov. 9 (AP).—State police reported about 300 automobiles stalled or ditched last night by a sleet storm in a 25-mile stretch east of this village.

The storm followed snows which left a blanket as deep as four to six inches in Northern New York.

AMUSEMENTS
GARRICK
ENTIRE NEW TRAVELING
BURLESQUE
MARGE HART
BEAUTIFUL
PIERCE
RED
HEAD
ALL NEW
GIRLS
With STINKY FIELDS & SHORTY MULLISTER
Young Favorite Comics
TONITE
MIDNITE FROLIC
at 12

AMUSEMENTS
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26,361,762 FOR ROOSEVELT AND 21,876,719 FOR WILLKIE

Figures of Latest Tabulation: Vote for Minor Party Candidates to Increase Total.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9 (AP).—The total of votes cast for President Roosevelt and Wendell L. Willkie in Tuesday's election amounted to 48,238,481 in today's latest unofficial tabulation, indicating that the final presidential count, covering also minor party candidates, would be close to 50,000,000. The final 1936 total was 45,647,117.

The latest tabulation showed that President Roosevelt received 26,361,762 votes and Willkie 21,876,719 in 120,620 of the country's 127,245 voting units, making Roosevelt's plurality 4,485,043.

The electoral vote standing remained unchanged with the President having 449 electoral votes from 38 states and Willkie 82 from 10 states.

WIDOW CONVICTED IN KILLING OF MAN SEKS HIS INSURANCE
Mrs. Alice Austin Sues Government on War Veteran's Policy.

Suit to collect on a \$10,000 World War veterans' insurance policy issued to Earl Austin was filed against the United States District Court in East St. Louis yesterday in behalf of his widow, Mrs. Alice Austin, who is serving a 14-year term at the Dwight (Ill.) Reformatory for his murder March 20 last year.

Austin, a National Youth Administration superintendent living at Cave-in-Rock, Ill., was killed by explosion of a dynamite bomb wired to his truck.

ROLLER SKATE
Big Crystal Rink
3411 COOK FR. 4220
Open Nightly, Saturday and Sunday Afternoons. Private Parties Chartered—11 P. M. to 1 A. M.

PHOTOPLAY THEATERS
FOR GREAT ENTERTAINMENT ALWAYS
FANCHON & MARCO
ST. LOUIS AMUSEMENT CO. THEATERS

AMBASSADOR
TYRONE POWER
"THE MARK OF ZORRO!"
Linda Darnell, Basil Rathbone
25c 10 A. M.
"Hit 2 P. M."

FOX
DONALD NOVIS • IN PERSON!
With His Own Big Fun and Frantic Stage Rave!
"BLONDIE" PLAYS "CUPID!"
EDW. G. ROBINSON
"Dispatch From Reuters!"
26c 10 A. M.
"Hit 2 P. M."

MISSOURI
MARLENE DIETRICH
"7 SINNERS!"
Hugh Herbert • Ann Miller
25c 10 A. M.
"Hit 2 P. M."

ST. LOUIS
JANE WITHERS, "YOUTH WILL BE SERVED!"
Dick Arlen-Andy Devine, "THE DEVIL'S PIPELINE"
EXTRA! Technician, "Flag of Humanity," KID SHOW!
TODAY ONLY! "King of the Mounted," 3:55, "Junior G-Men," 4:15, EXTRA! "J. M. Brown," "Ragtime Cowboy Joe," 4:30.

HI-POINTE
1001 MACAULAND
Open 1:30-2:50 to 6
LINDELL
GRAND AND HERBERT
Start 2:50 to 6
RIO
5556 N. RIVERVIEW
HARLEY and FORSY

ROLLER SKATE
DRELEI RINK
5 OLIVE
FO. 2215
Nite, Saturday and Sunday
Private Parties Chartered
P. M. to 1 A. M.

THANKS
A MILLION!
Our Million Friends for Their
Patronage During Our First Year,
Celebrate Our 1ST ANNIVERSARY
with Us This Week
T. MORITZ GRILL
Fine Foods and Fancy Drinks
N. 8th St. Q.A. 2074
FELIX AND GUY.

PHOTOPLAY THEATERS

SIDE-VARSITY
OPEN 1:30-2:30 TILL 6

STRIKE UP
the BAND
THE SECRET SEVEN
Side-Varsity

EMPRESS
OPEN 11:30 A.M.

HE STAYED FOR
Breakfast
LONDIE
HAS SERVANT
TROUBLE

cash for articles not in use.
them economically through the
Dispatch For Sale Columns.

WILL ROGERS
SAT. STARTS 4:45 * 25c to 4
SUN. FROM 1:30 * 25c to 2
Advance in Prices!
GABLE-Spencer TRACY
BOOM TOWN
BUYER BEWARE! CRIME
SN'T PAY-CARTOON-NEWS!

PLAY INDEX

LM Greer Garson
DE and PREJUDICE
BENNETT and FRANCIS LEDERER
THE MAN I MARRIED

mouth W.M. POWELL
MYRNA LOY
LOVE YOU AGAIN
WE WHO ARE YOUNG

ccess Lewis Stone, Robt. Young,
Pestalozzi, Burke, 'Captain is a Lady',
r. News

OLI Ralph Byrd, 'Drums of the
Desert', Lee Tracy, 'Mil-
lionsaires in Prison.'

CITY M. Carroll
Fairbanks Jr. 'SAFARI'
'Untamed. Plus Cartoon.

STER Rosemary Lane, 'Ladies
Must Live', Roy Rogers,
'Billy, the Kid, Returns.'

STON ROYAL RUBY
GLASSWARE
te-3 Beautiful Gipsy Ladies
George O'Brien, 'PRAIRIE LAW'
Dennis Morgan, 'RIVER'S END'
Open 5 p. m. Show starts 8:30.

VALON KINGSHIGHWAY
AT CHIPPEWA

2 BIG LAFF HITS!
Loretta Young Melvyn
DOUGLAS
HE STAYED FOR BREAKFAST

LONDIE HAS SERVANT TROUBLE

COLUMBIA 5257
SOUTHWEST
Ginger ROGERS
LUCKY PARTNERS
TZ BROS. ANDREW SISTERS
'ARGENTINE NIGHTS'

DXY 5500 LANSLOWNE
ala 4-Hour Show-7 to 11 P. M.
Nothing Shown Twice.

HITWAY SIXTH &
HICKORY

line, 'Black Diamonds' & 'Old Patrol'

'WELL, I LOVE YOU AGAIN',
er, 'We Who Are Young' Cartoon.

Goddard, 'Ghost Breakers', 'Win-
ille, 'Those Were the Days' Serial.

'THE GHOST BREAKERS'
'THOSE WERE THE DAYS'

Rogers, 'LUCKY PARTNERS'
Lynn, 'MONEY AND THE WOMAN'
Dennis Morgan, 'RIVER'S END.'

RA, 'DANCE, GIRL, DANCE'
INE, 'LADY IN QUESTION'
TION, 'YOUNG AMERICA FLIES'

GREER 'Pride and Prejudice'
GARSON

ITE 'THE GHOST BREAKERS'
RIE

Powell, 'I LOVE YOU AGAIN'
Shelton, 'We Who Are Young'

the Raye, 'Boys From Syracuse',
'Francis, When the Daltons Rode.'

James Cagney, 'TORRID ZONE',
PRIDE OF THE BLUE GRASS.'

Louis Hayward, Luella Ball
E, GIRL, DANCE'

an Mowbray, 'SCATTERBRAIN'

na Loy, 'I LOVE YOU AGAIN'
Shelton, 'We Who Are Young'

erence Olivier 'Pride and Prejudice'
reen O'Sullivan

eo Gory, 'That Gang of Mine'
LADY, Chas. Coburn, Billie Burke,

'Robt. Young, Maureen O'Sullivan,
ha Raye

Prater
'Boys From Syracuse'
'When the Daltons Rode.'

an Arthur, 'THE PLAINSMAN',
'LAW OF THE PAMPAS.'

ridan, Humphrey Bogart, 'They Drive
ong, Lewis Stone, 'Sporting Blood'

ARI
Milled
'UNTAMED'

THE EVERYDAY MAGAZINE

Published Every Day — Week-days and Sundays

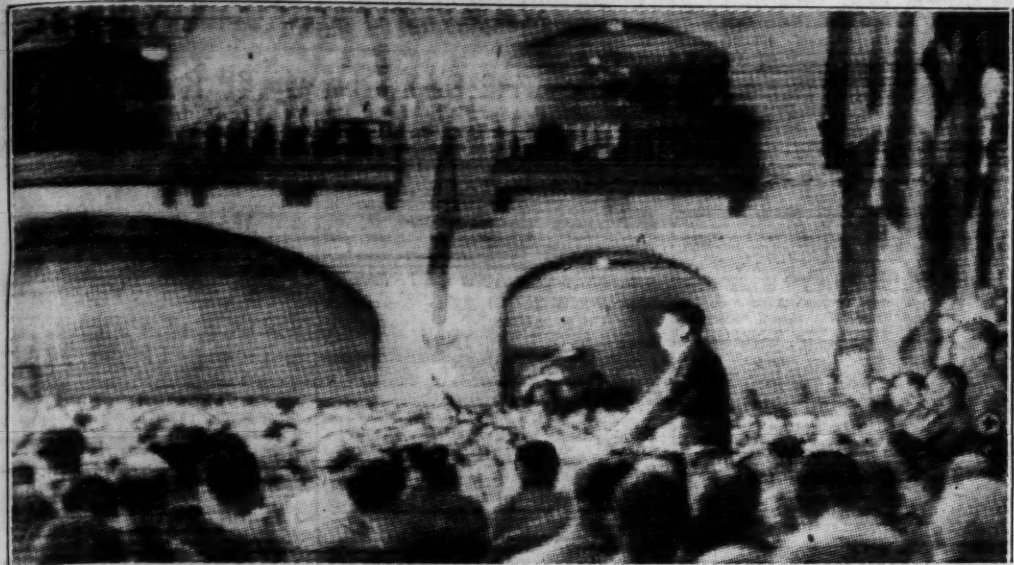
in the ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

PART THREE

ST. LOUIS, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1940.

PAGES 1-4C

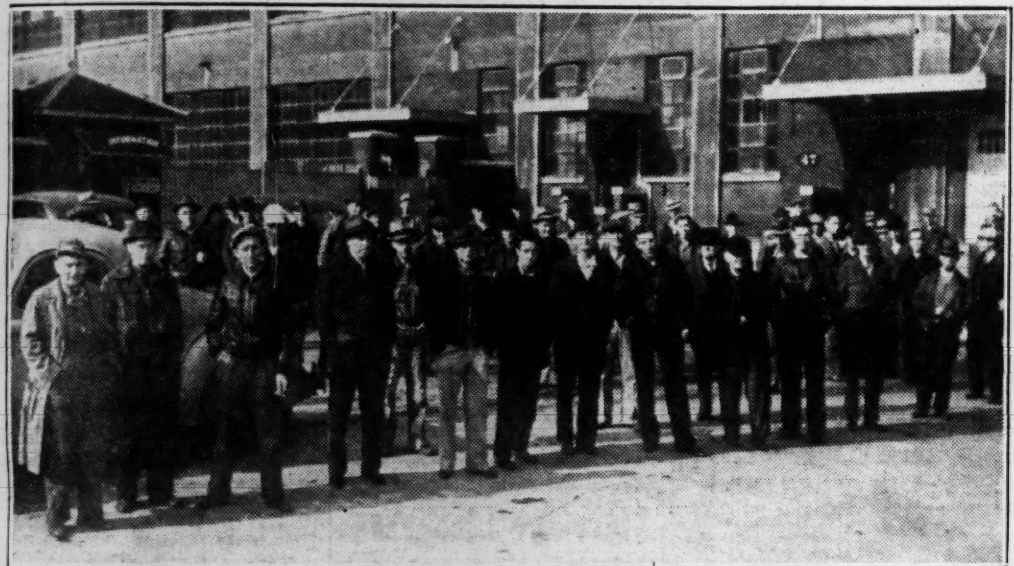
Hitler Speaking in Munich



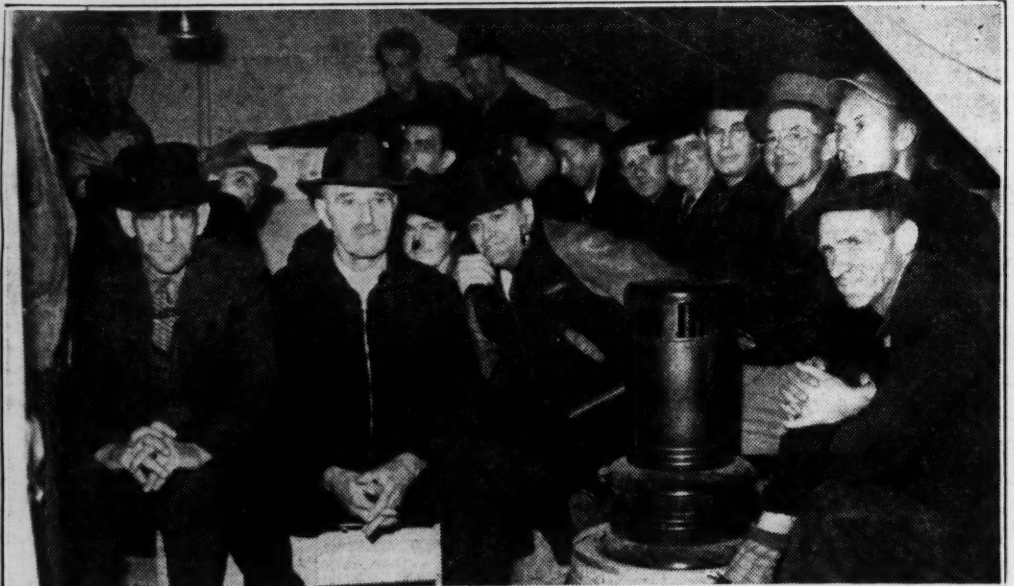
Adolf Hitler, surrounded by his old guard followers on the seventeenth anniversary of the Munich putsch, told them in Lowenbrau Beer Cellar in Munich last night that "Germany is strong enough to meet any combination in the world." Berlin admitted that British bombers raided Munich "some time after" Hitler finished speaking. This picture was received by radio from Berlin.

—Associated Press Wirephoto.

Strike at Key Defense Plant



Strikers on picket duty at the Aluminum Ore Co. plant in East St. Louis, a key unit in the industrial phase of the defense program. The plant manufactures the aluminum oxide from which the aluminum alloy used in airplanes is made. The strike has entered its third week with no immediate prospect of settlement. About 1200 men are out.



Strikers at the Aluminum Ore Co. plant in East St. Louis keeping warm around a kerosene stove in one of the tents set up at the plant's seven gates.

—By a Post-Dispatch Staff Photographer.



AIR TRAVELER Miss Harriet T. Couplin (left) of St. Louis, fashion co-ordinator for the Johnson, Stephens & Shinkle Shoe Co., receiving a plaque in Chicago from Miss Dorothy Caraty, director of the women's division of United Air Lines, certifying to her membership in United's "100,000-Mile Club," made up of persons who have flown 100,000 miles or more on scheduled air lines.

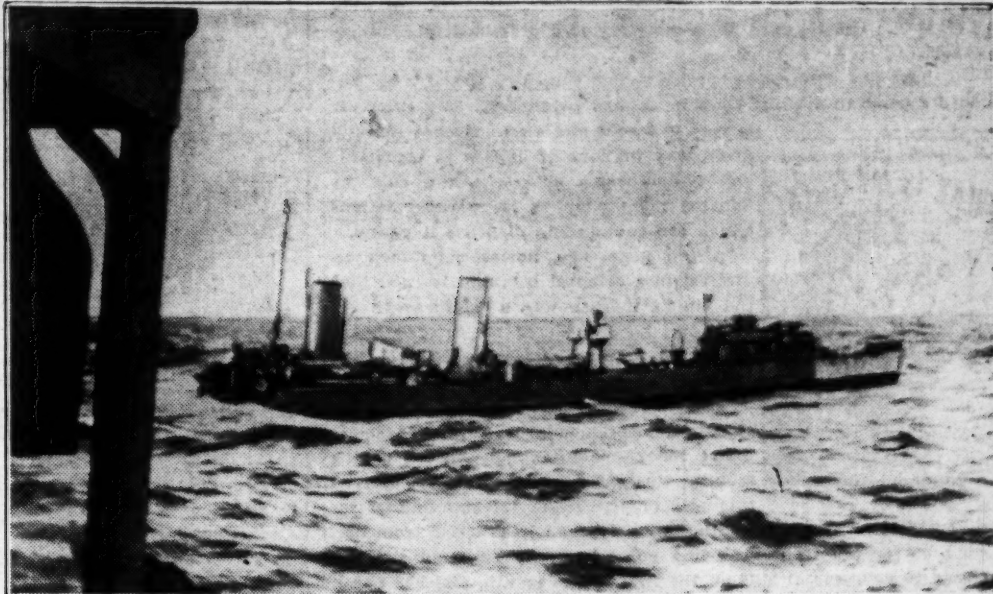


HOMECOMING QUEEN

Miss Marjorie Kammerer, 7218 Maryland ave., a Pi Beta Phi member, who was chosen "Homecoming Queen" at Washington University. She receives her crown between halves at the football game today.

—By a Post-Dispatch Staff Photographer.

Sinking of Canadian Destroyer



This is the aft-section of the Canadian destroyer Margerie, which was cut in two when it collided with a large merchant ship in a convoy in the North Atlantic recently. The fore part sank almost immediately. The picture was made from the merchant vessel a few moments before the aft section went down. Thirty-four members of the crew of 171 were lost.

—Associated Press Wirephoto.



AFL PICKETING CIO PROJECT AFL pickets in front of the Mellis construction project on Jennings Station road, near Lillian avenue, in Jennings. The project is employing CIO construction workers.

—By a Post-Dispatch Staff Photographer.



BUSINESS CLUB The Venture Club of St. Louis received its national charter and installed officers at Candlelight House. Sponsored by the Soroptimist Club of St. Louis, it is the first junior organization to be formed here of the women's service club. The group is made up of young business women and has for its aim economic advancement of women.

East St. Louis Lady of Lakes Ball



Miss Elaine Costello, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert E. Costello, 47 Country Club drive, Belleville, was crowned Lady of the Lakes at the annual Imperial Ball at Ainad Temple in East St. Louis. She is shown seated beside King Neptune.



SPECIAL MAIDS From left, seated, Miss Louise Austin, Miss Laura Ouida Gillen and Miss Doris Zelle. Standing, Miss Mary Louise Connors, Miss Catherine Galvin and Miss Jeanne Flannery.



NEW QUEEN Miss Elaine Costello at last night's Lady of the Lakes Ball.

—By a Post-Dispatch Staff Photographer.

ALL ITEMS SELF-EXPLANATORY

This is a scan of a blank page from a document. The paper has a light beige or off-white color with some minor texture visible. There are no markings, text, or illustrations on this page.

IF YOU ASK MY OPINION

By MARTHA CARR

Dear Martha Carr:

EN burn me up. If there is any chivalry left in the world a girl would have to take a magnifying glass to find it. Why is it that no man these days ever thinks of rising and giving his seat to a woman on a crowded street car or bus? Night after night I see these tired women returning from work, hanging desperately onto straps and the backs of seats, jostled and pitched back and forth by the motions of the conveyance, while the men sit all nice and comfy reading their papers and never raising their eyes.

These are harsh words, boys. I am afraid you will have to spring to your own defense, for even Martha's feet have likewise suffered, and if I hold forth on this subject it may not be with an open mind. Time was when a man would not think of remaining seated if any woman in a public conveyance was standing. The strange part is, that in those days fewer women worked, and the ones on the conveyances did not need to get the weight off their feet half as much as the poor gals these days who have trodden about on their trills eight hours without rest. Men are funny creatures—just why do they react like this? I am asking you.

★ ★ ★

Dear Martha Carr:

I AM A GIRL 16 years old, and am acquainted with two boys, but not sure which one I like best. When in the presence of one I feel shy and awkward, but when with the other I do not feel that way. Can you explain this? How can I get them to notice me without it appearing too obvious?

★ ★ ★

Dear Martha Carr:

I HAVE BEEN in love with a boy for two years. We dated until the last two months. I have been told he still likes me, but is afraid to call because he hasn't done so for so long a time. Would it be all right for a friend of mine to ask him to a party, though she hasn't seen him lately, either? It is to be a foursome. I have dated others but know there can be no one else.

★ ★ ★

Two months has probably seemed an eternity to you, things being as they are, but it isn't really. I see no reason why the girl friend should not ask the boy you both know to the party. After all, she's not supposed to know how long it's been since you last saw each other.

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TODAY'S PATTERNS

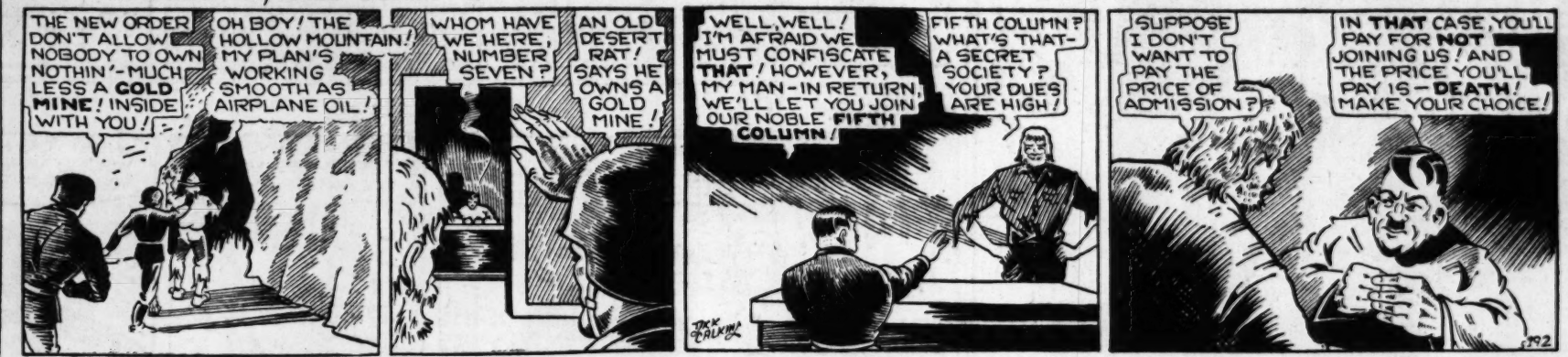


Pattern 4447 is available in women's sizes 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46 and 48. Size 36 takes 4 1/2 yards 35-inch fabric and 1/2 yard of contrast. Send FIFTEEN CENTS for this pattern to Pattern Department, St. Louis Post-Dispatch, 243 West 17th St., New York, N. Y. Additional TEN CENTS will bring you latest Pattern Book.

SUPERMAN—By Jerry Siegel and Joe Shuster



BUCK ROGERS—By Dick Calkins



BRICK BRADFORD—By William Ritt and Clarence Gray



MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN—By Lee Falk and Phil Davis



Disease of Old Age

By Logan Clendening, M. D.

A WOMAN was brought to me not long ago by members of her family to get my advice. She was 59 years of age, but she looked a little older. "Mother," as they called her, had always been of a nervous temperament, but for the past two years this had become much worse and she said she felt all disturbed. Her sleep is heavy, but she wakes up frightened, with both arms asleep. She is frequently troubled by a rush of blood to the head (though she passed the menopause years ago) and this is accompanied by a sense of impending death. She is very forgetful and sometimes fits of trembling come over her. Formerly very neat, she is now inclined to be untidy. She has turned against some members of her family. She answered my questions listlessly or else passed them by with haughty disdain.

The family was very upset, and rightly so, but it is not difficult to comfort them. It is pretty axiomatic that if a person of over 55, previously responsible and of good mental caliber and heredity, suddenly has a mental upset, a physical cause is at the bottom of it.

One of the commonest and most frequently overlooked of these causes is myxoedema, a shrinking of the thyroid gland which makes it lose its secretions. Elderly, or a little less than elderly, people in a household develop this disease, and go neglected for years. The family doesn't think it is worth while taking them to a doctor. They say, "Oh, mother is aging so fast," or "mother likes to sleep all the time." And the poor things are shunted out of the family circle when a little thyroid extract by mouth would in most cases fix them up so they were quite themselves again.

The blood vessels, as time goes on, get bad not only in the arms or at the temples, but in the brain. And this means bad circulation, which means bad thinking. Not that all old people are necessarily that way. All credit to the oldsters whose minds are vigorous and hearty up to four score and ten. Though I own to a deep conviction that no man has a resilient brain after 70.

In the case of the lady of 59, whom I described in the first paragraph, I found her blood pressure elevated and her retinal arteries very tortuous and thick. And the mere explanation that she had something real the matter with her nearly made a cure. The poor thing was secretly convinced that she was going insane or blind, and

she cheered up immensely when she found there was an explanation for her condition, and the outlook was not so bad.

Questions and Answers.

J. M.: "Can you tell me what to do or help me to get rid of a 'terrible thirst'?" I drink lots of water, but am always thirsty. I feel I need something to quench this terrible thirst. My tongue is very rough and feels as if it were sticking to the roof of my mouth."

Answer—You should have a thorough examination to be sure you do not have diabetes.

L. P. O.: "If a father who stutters has five sons and three daughters and three of the sons are afflicted and the remainder of the offspring have perfect speech, what possibility is there of a speech impediment in the offspring of the three daughters?"

Answer—There is no evidence that heredity plays any role in stuttering. There may be the element of unconscious imitation of a parent—which is the influence of environment. That would not apply to the offspring of the three daughters you indicate in your letter. One theory of stuttering is that there is a predominance of the right side of the brain instead of the left as occurs in right-handed persons; that the stutterer is naturally left-handed and when forced to be right-handed, stuttering begins. This might have an hereditary basis, but statistically there is no proof.

My Neighbor Says:

Put dahlias bulbs in sand, and store in a cool place in the cellar.

Any place that is too hot to place your hand is too hot for a container of kerosene. Kerosene is absolutely safe only when it is cold.

TOMORROW'S HOROSCOPE

by WYNN

Sunday, November 10.

A DAY of frictions for the un- wary here; stick to the tried and true, in people and in ideas; store up the battery. Week ahead has minor opportunities, but on the whole is a period calling for cautious picking of the way; take it easy.

Ideas, Not Force.

There is more physical power in 5000 men with 5000 bows and arrows than there is in one rifle bullet. Yet one bullet can kill at a distance beyond the range of all these arrows. The difference is in the ideas used, not in the force. The battle of the world today is primarily that of ideas; new ideas are triumphing over old more than ever before. We must get tomorrow's ideas first.

Your Year Ahead.

Your year ahead, if this is your birthday, contains indirect benefit through improved conditions of partners, or allies, affairs. Some reaping of past mutual relations to do this year. Danger: Dec. 32, and April 20-28.

Monday, November 11.

LEAN up the deck today; get routine matters out of the way or at least under control. Late afternoon and evening hours bring up contests, fears, oppositions and problems where judgment and action are involved; postpone if convenient.

Here Worship.

Are you a hero worshipper? Of course you are—or you are the only person in this world who isn't. But what do we mean by hero worship? I think we mean that we admire in certain people those qualities which lift them out of the ordinary mine run of humans. Sometimes we fail to see that we can express the same qualities ourselves in greater measure than we do, thus losing opportunity.

Your Year Ahead.

Your year ahead from celebration today is critical year, introducing a protracted period of changes with other folks. Do nothing hastily—but shift when wise. Danger: Dec. 5-23, April 22-30.

Easy to Iron.

Most of us housewives enjoy the house dresses that button from the neck to the hem because they can be opened flat and are so easy to iron.

However, the wise woman will reinforce the lower two buttons so they will not tear out in her very active house work. Just put a square of strong material on the underneath section of the hem holding the buttons.

A Woman's Clothes

By Patricia Lindsay

AS the social season is now in full swing, it's a good time to have a little informal chat with you about your wardrobe.

You realize, of course, that you cannot be well poised and attractive unless you are entirely unconscious of what you are wearing. By that, I mean, if what you are wearing is uncomfortable in its fit, unbecoming in color or inappropriate for the time and occasion, you are likely to feel and act a bit self-conscious. Once you do that, your poise goes out the window!

When you plan your wardrobe, buy clothes that suit your type of beauty. If you are a tailored type, then stick to the more simple and elegant lines of tailored clothes. Keep your accessories to these dresses and coats and concentrate on colors which flatter you. Why wear the current Indian penny shade if it drains your skin of its natural beauty? Select instead a soft green, which adds to your skin beauty.

You should always wear your clothes with a casual air. Never wear a dress which needs a change of lingerie or a pressing.

dressed up! Act as if you have worn your newest dress a thousand times. It is part of you—it shouldn't detract from your poise. Unless you are a histrionic personality, and like to show off a bit, steer clear of the bizarre in clothing. Extreme styles require a lot of play acting to carry them off well. If you are a demure little soul, bizarre styles will swallow you up—all that people will see are the clothes you wear! Women who have little else to do other than to dress up and parade can wear the more extreme fashions. They can also discard them the moment they tire of them, which most of us cannot do.

Naturally, if you go out wearing soiled gloves, a wrinkled collar or a messy handbag, you will not feel comfortable, so why not keep all your accessories in order. When you take off your gloves, wash them immediately or put them in the bathroom to remind you to do so the next morning.

Never hang up a dress which needs a change of lingerie or a pressing.

brush your coats and suits well before putting them in the closet. Press your hat, veils when you press your other things, and once in a while clean all your hat bands. Your handbags can take a cleaning once in a while, too, especially inside.

All these little things do give you a sure feeling. You can go anywhere, meet anyone and still feel poised, providing you are as meticulously groomed as your clothing.

Remember, too, if you do not buy many clothes, you should take time to shop carefully. How many times have you rushed to get a hat or dress, worn it and regretted you had not waited? All of us have done that. You resolve not to do it. Your poise is more important than the new thing to wear. You can feel and act regal in old clothes if they suit you and are kept in good condition.

The leaflet, "Ballet Exercises," helps to beautify legs and develop regal posture. Write Miss Lindsay, care of St. Louis Post-Dispatch, and inclose a self-addressed, stamped (3-cent) envelope if you request it.

The Depressed Adolescent

-O- By Angelo Patri

THE best tonic for the mental depressed young person is the right kind of activity. Right doing induces right thinking and every good thought adds health to the mind.

I make a point of this because so many people think that mental illness needs some radical treatment beyond the reach of ordinary folk. Mental illness needs expert attention, but the moods of adolescents, their gloomy outlook, their strange behavior can often be set right by a wholesome routine of occupation and allied responsibility.

There are many young people who do not have enough of the right sort of exercise to keep them healthy in mind or body. The right kind of exercise—I mean active exercise—calls for co-ordinated purposeful action. Whenever that is produced by the young person healthy reactions set in, and his whole being responds in healthier fashion.

The depressed adolescent needs activity. He ought to be doing actual work, useful and necessary work. But because of our way of life today he is deprived of that outlet, that tonic opportunity for growth. Home provides little

space for such work and little youth be prolonged beyond its normal span of helplessness. The adolescent boy and girl of today have to search hard to find a useful and permitted job, and not finding it many of them are mentally depressed and mentally unhealthy.

Talking to them is useless. What they are suffering from and what will cure them, is useful work. Instead of keeping them idle they need to be put to work and we need to set them to working. Whatever is in the way should be removed.

No sensible person would wish to do away with the protection the labor laws have thrown about our children, but it is not sensible nor safe to rear a generation in idleness. Every young person ought to be initiated into some field of work. This ought to begin in school. A school that offers its pupils nothing but book study is not a school to meet your needs. The real school offers its pupils experiences over a period long enough to set the child in an understanding of its values and its implications, and to allow him to establish

its rhythm and technique in his habits. Right habits come from right action, and right action calls for right thinking. This leads to good mental and physical health. We are not training a generation of doers. We are teaching our young people to accept service and to give it. We are teaching them to be helpless. We are by our neglect of our youth, endangering the mental health of a generation. We are destroying character that might have been sturdy and fine by hobbling our children.

When I say children I mean the younger generation up to the age of youth. After that I would be inclined to term them adult and a bit beyond help of others. They should by then be self-helpful, and they would be if we trained them early enough.

Angelo Patri will give personal attention to inquiries from parents and school teachers on the care and development of children. Write him in care of St. Louis Post-Dispatch, P. O. Box 150, Times Square Station, New York, N. Y., inclosing a 3-cent stamped, self-addressed envelope for reply.

Importance of Safety Plays In Bridge Game

By Ely Culbertson

IF bridge players would master one single department of play, the percentage of fulfilled contracts would increase by leaps and bounds. I refer to the department of safety plays. This is by all odds the least understood and appreciated phase of bridge. Why, I can't say. There is nothing abstruse, nor even greatly complicated, about safety plays. Indeed, experts find them fascinating. And a thorough knowledge of these plays prevents the sort of tragedy that overtook the declarer in the following deal:

Rubber bridge.
North, dealer.
Both sides vulnerable.

North ♠ Q43
South ♠ A75
West ♠ AKJ
East ♠ K64

None ♠ Q52
South ♠ 9653
West ♠ QJ85

The bidding:
North East South West
1 no trump Pass 3 spades Pass
4 spades Pass Pass Pass

West opened the club queen. The king was smothered by East and declarer ruffed the club return. Declarer's problem was now clear cut. A heart loser would be unavoidable, hence it was vital to hold the defenders to one trump trick. With 10 trumps in the combined hands, this looked easy. Declarer slipped out his spade ace, and the sound contract folded its tent and stole away. The defenders gleefully collected two trumps and a heart trick.

Granting that declarer ran into a bad trump break, there was absolutely no excuse for the loss of this contract. It was impossible to lose two trump tricks, if the proper play had been used.

After ruffing East's club return, declarer should enter dummy and lead a low trump toward his own hand. If East follows suit, that is proof that West cannot hold the three missing trumps. But East may hold them, and to cover that possibility, declarer must play the 10 on East's first trick. If West wins with the jack, what of it? The suit has now been found to break, and declarer's ace must drop the king, which is now the only outstanding trump.

If, on the low trump lead from dummy, East shows out, declarer naturally puts up the ace and leads back toward the queen, trapping West's jack.

Most safety plays merely increase the chances of success. This one guaranteed success.

Write your bridge troubles and problems to Ely Culbertson, care of St. Louis Post-Dispatch, inclosing a self-addressed, stamped envelope.

Brush your coats and suits well before putting them in the closet. Press your hat, veils when you press your other things, and once in a while clean all your hat bands. Your handbags can take a cleaning once in a while, too, especially inside.

All these little things do give you a sure feeling. You can go anywhere, meet anyone and still feel poised, providing you are as meticulously groomed as your clothing.

Remember, too, if you do not buy many clothes, you should take time to shop carefully. How many times have you rushed to get a hat or dress, worn it and regretted you had not waited? All of us have done that. You resolve not to do it. Your poise is more important than the new thing to wear. You can feel and act regal in old clothes if they suit you and are kept in good condition.

The leaflet, "Ballet Exercises," helps to beautify legs and develop regal posture. Write Miss Lindsay, care of St. Louis Post-Dispatch, and inclose a self-addressed, stamped (3-cent) envelope if you request it.

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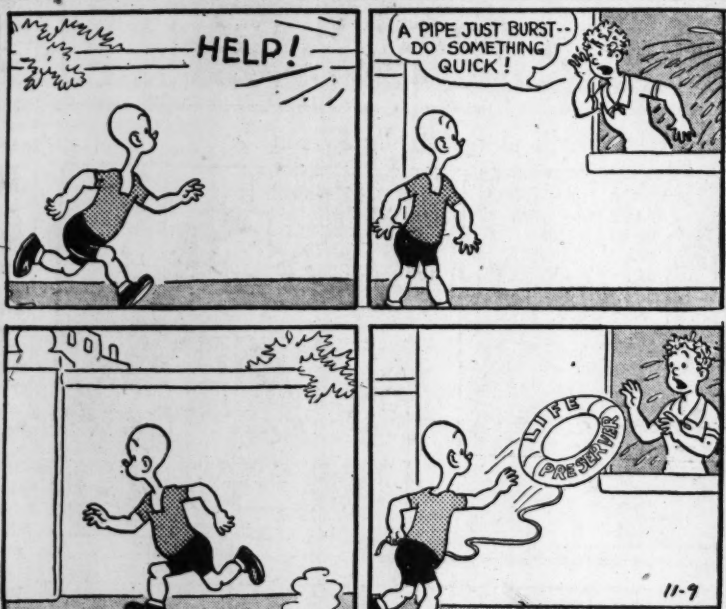
GRIN AND BEAR IT—By Lichty



"YOU DON'T HAVE TO DECIDE TODAY, OF COURSE, LADY!"

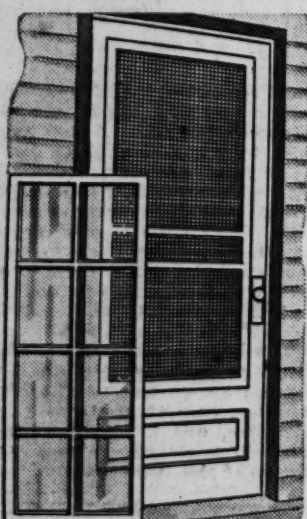
HENRY

By
CARL
ANDERSON



Sears

Saves You Money on
**STORM DOORS
AND SASH**



Interchangeable Panels! Combination Doors 559

2'8" x 6'9" — \$5.49
2'10" x 6'7" — \$5.99
3'2" x 7'1" — \$5.98

A storm door in winter. In summer remove sash and replace with screen panel. Notice that screen panel is not permanent as in cheaper doors.

60 Different Sizes in Stock for Immediate Delivery
Storm Sash
Complete With Glazing
2'2" x 3'11 1/2" — \$1.60

Before You Buy Millwork,
Get Sears Low Price
on windows and frames, doors
and frames, barn sash, etc.

SEARS, ROEBUCK and CO.
KINGSHIGHWAY at Easton
GRAND BLVD. near Gravois
FREE PARKING

Also 7412 Manchester Ave. and
East St. Louis, Ill., Stores

SUNFLOWER STREET—By Tom Little and Tom Sims



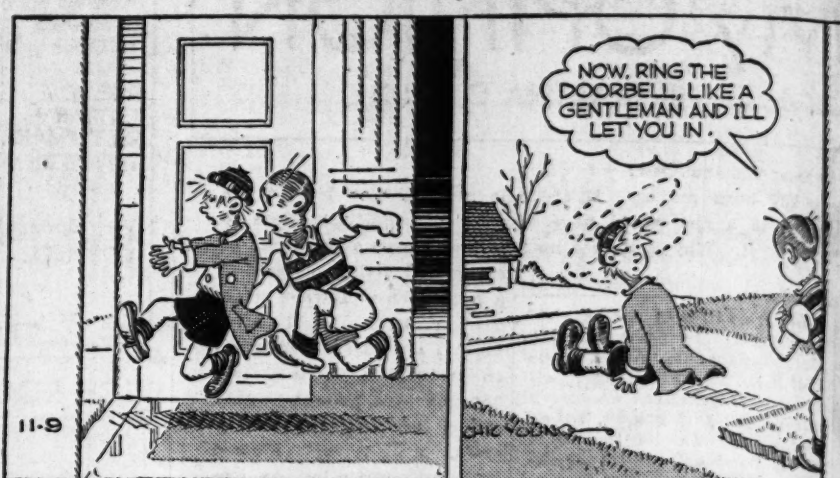
ROOM AND BOARD—By Gene Ahern



BLONDIE—By Chic Young



But Elmo's No Gentleman!



POPEYE—



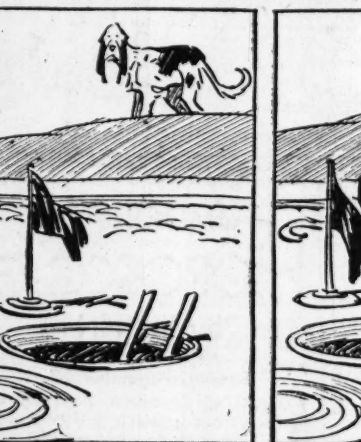
"That's His Weakness Now"



L'IL ABNER—By Al Capp



NAPOLEON AND UNCLE ELBY—By Clifford McBride



BIG CHIEF WAHOO—By Saunders and Woggon



SKIPPY—By Percy L. Crosby



JANE ARDEN—By Monte Barrett and Russell Ross



ON TODAY'S E...
Faint Memories of a...
Cartoon.
No Sacrifice of Labor...
Can Germany Out-Pr...
Samuel Grafton in S...

VOL. 93, No. 6

BOTH PART PREPARE CONTEST GOVERN

Officers of State C...
tees Gather Evide...
Possible U. S. Inc...
Challenge by Mo...
Apparent Loser.

DONNELL UNOFF...
MARGIN NOW

Total Includes the...
Returns From 76...
Counties and Co...
Absentee Ballots...
Counties and St.

By CURTIS A. BE...
With Forrest C. Donnell...
McDaniel, elected Governor of...
the face of virtually con...
turns, officers of the R...
and Democratic State co...
are gathering evidence for...
ble Federal investigation of...
souri election, and a pos...
test by Lawrence McDaniel...
eratic candidate.

Official returns report...
of the 114 counties, an...
official count of the abse...
in 107 counties and St. L...
had Donnell leading Mc...
3286 votes, Donnell havin...
and McDaniel 906,947. In...
these totals is the unoffi...
lation of the vote in 38...
and St. Louis. Neither...
Louis City nor the Jackso...
(Kansas City) official ta...
has been completed.

There are seven countie...
report on absentee voters...
107 counties and the city...
had 6746 absentee votes...
well 4738, an advantage of...
McDaniel.

County Inquiry Sou...
Democratic leaders hav...
United States District...
Maurice M. Milligan of...
City, who has been desig...
Special Assistant Attor...
in charge of election frau...
gations throughout the co...
make an inquiry into the...
in St. Louis County, wh...
Donnell a plurality of 33...
665 more than it gave W...
Willkie, and 5675 more th...
Manvel H. Davis, Republi...
didate for United States...
The Republicans, co...
there is no basis for a...
irregularities in St. Loui...
say they have evidence of...
several of the large co...
counties in "Little Dixie,"...
craic belt in North Cen...
souri. They say they wi...
pared to present evidenc...
gan of irregularities in...
Howard, Cooper and sev...

Continued on Page 12, C

INTERMITTENT TODAY; COLDE TODAY, TOMO

THE TEMPERATURE

12 noon	50	7 p.m.	44
1 p.m.	48	8 p.m.	42
2 p.m.	46	9 p.m.	40
3 p.m.	45	10 p.m.	38
4 p.m.	43	11 p.m.	36
5 p.m.	41		
6 p.m.	39		
7 p.m.	37		
8 p.m.	35		
9 p.m.	33		
10 p.m.	31		
11 p.m.	29		

*Indicates street reading.
Yesterday's high 50 (11:30 a.m.).
Normal maximum this date...
minimum 40.

Official forecast for St. Louis and vicinity: Inter-mittent light rain and somewhat colder today; tomorrow mostly cloudy and colder.

Missouri is cloudy, intermittent light rain in east and extreme south portion, somewhat colder in west and north portions today; tomorrow mostly cloudy and colder. Illinois: Cloudy, rain in south and central portions, rain changing to snow in extreme north portion, colder in north central portions today; cloudy, rain in south portion or snow in north portion, able colder.

Sunset, 4:51; sunrise 6:40.

Stage of the Mississippi at St. Louis, —2.1 feet, no change. Missouri at St. Charles, no change.

(All weather data, including temperatures, except temperatures, supplied by U. S. Weather Bureau.)